

National DHIA Annual Meeting CDCB Report

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March 5, 2019 – San Diego, CA



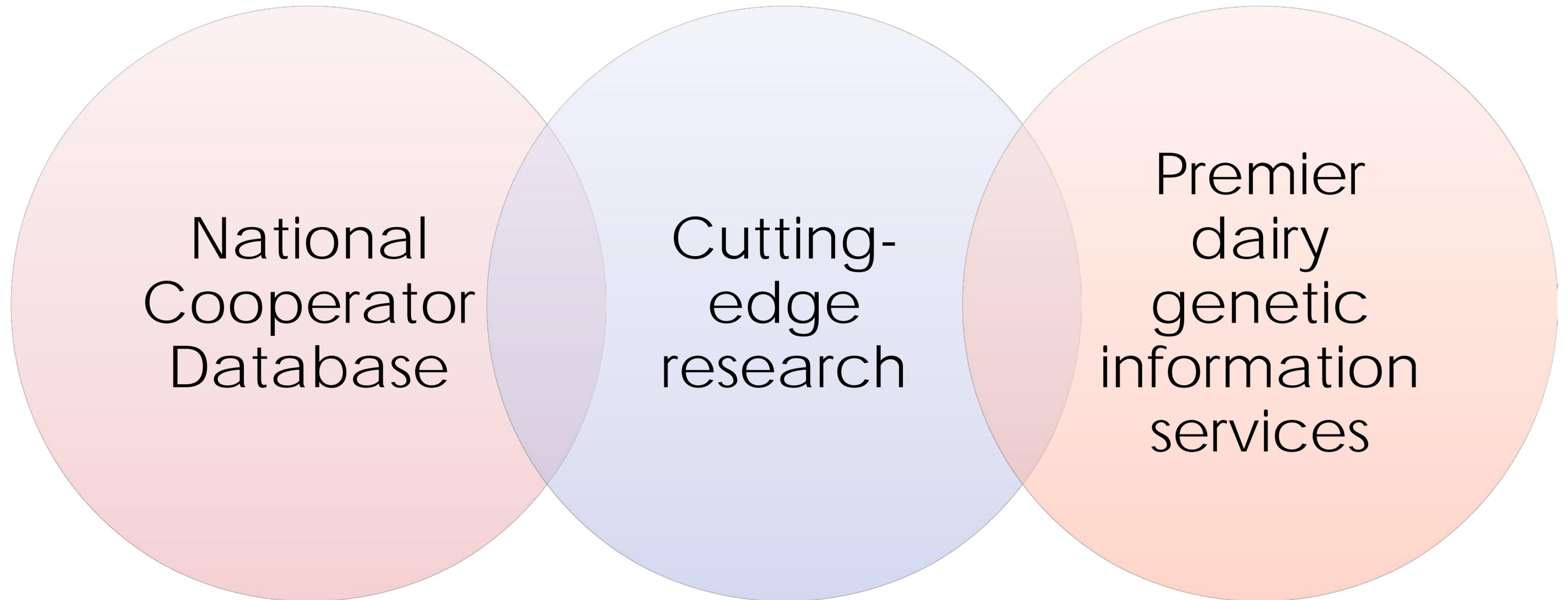
Outline

- From genomics to big data
- Genomic evaluations including crossbred animals
- Early first calving
- Updated service fees

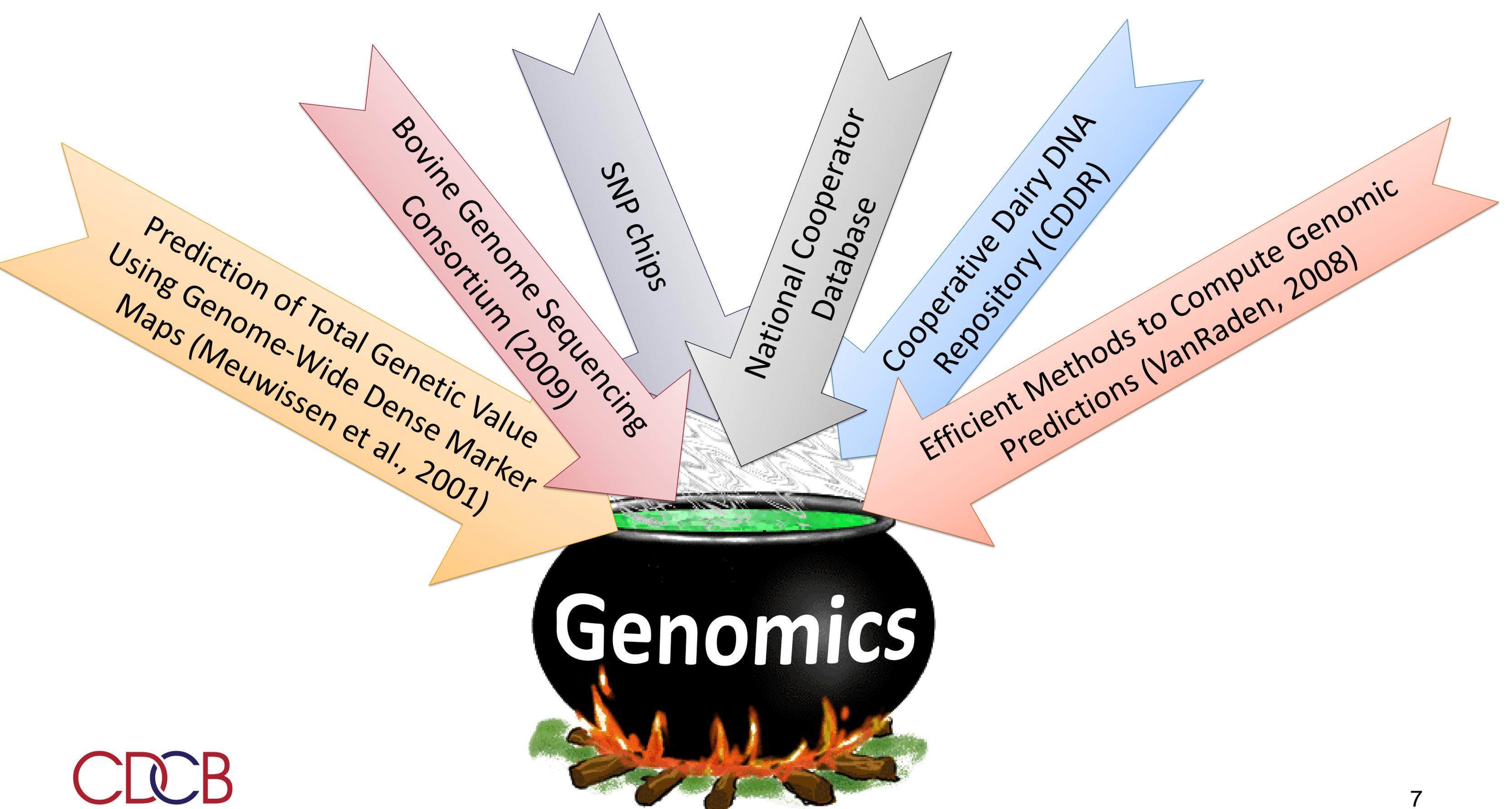


CDCCB is a non-profit dairy driven company that provides pre-competitive services and products in an independent and transparent framework to improve the genetics and management of dairy herds worldwide.

Value-added to dairy producers

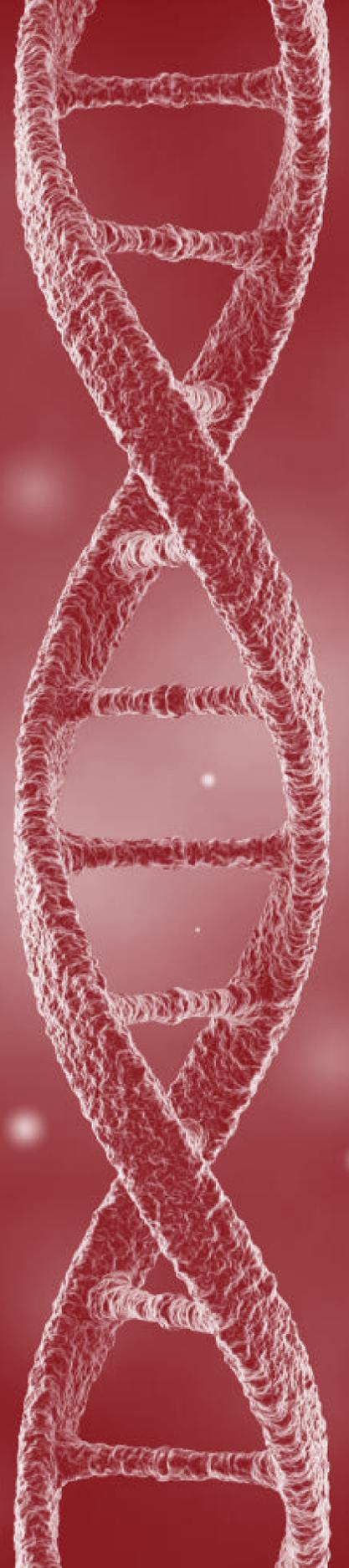


FROM GENOMICS TO BIG DATA



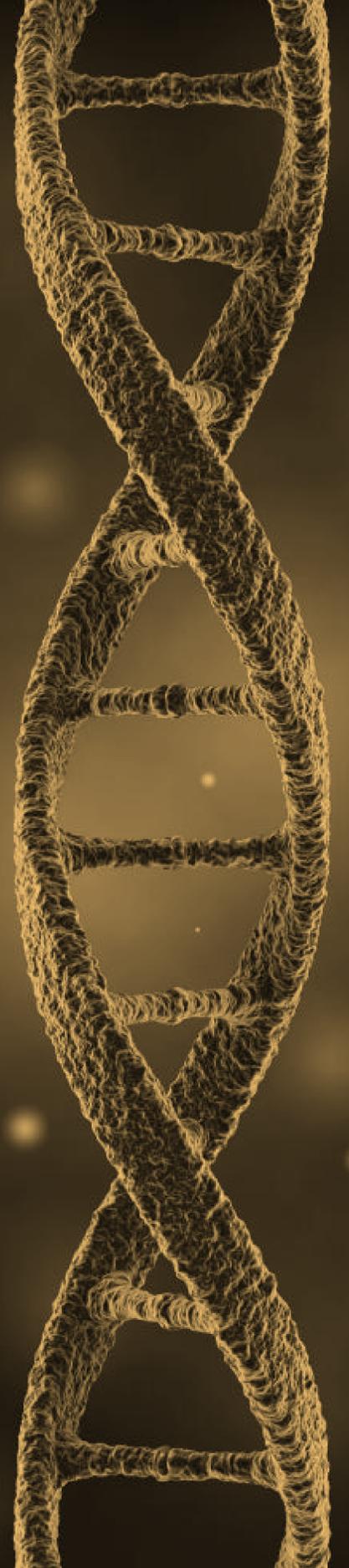
Consequences of genomic selection

- Large reference populations closely connected to predicted individuals
- Drastic reduction in generation interval
- Early genotyping vs. progeny testing schemes
- Evaluation turnaround



Consequences of genomic selection

- Parentage verification & discovery
- Haplotypes & recessive mutations
- Low heritable traits
- Traits difficult to measure



Consequences of genomic selection

- Consolidation and concentration
- Genotyping: new business
- Phenotypes more valuable than ever
- Nucleus herds concentrate bull dams
- Genomics as a management tool



CDCB

Year	Trait
1926	Milk & fat yields
1977	Protein yield (& solids-not-fat)
1978	Conformation (type)
1994	Productive life, somatic cell score (mastitis resistance)
2000	Calving ease (Iowa State University, 1978–99)
2003	Daughter pregnancy rate
2006	Stillbirth rate, bull conception rate (ERCR, DRMS, Raleigh, NC, 1986–2005), milking speed
2009	Cow and heifer conception rates, genomic evaluation
2012	Mobility, calving-to-insemination interval
2016	Gestation length
2017	Cow livability
2018	Health traits (milk fever, displaced abomasum, ketosis, mastitis, metritis, retained placenta)
2019	Early first calving, genomic evaluation for crossbreds, feed efficiency

Ear Tag Technologies

Temperature
Activity

Daily
Feed intake



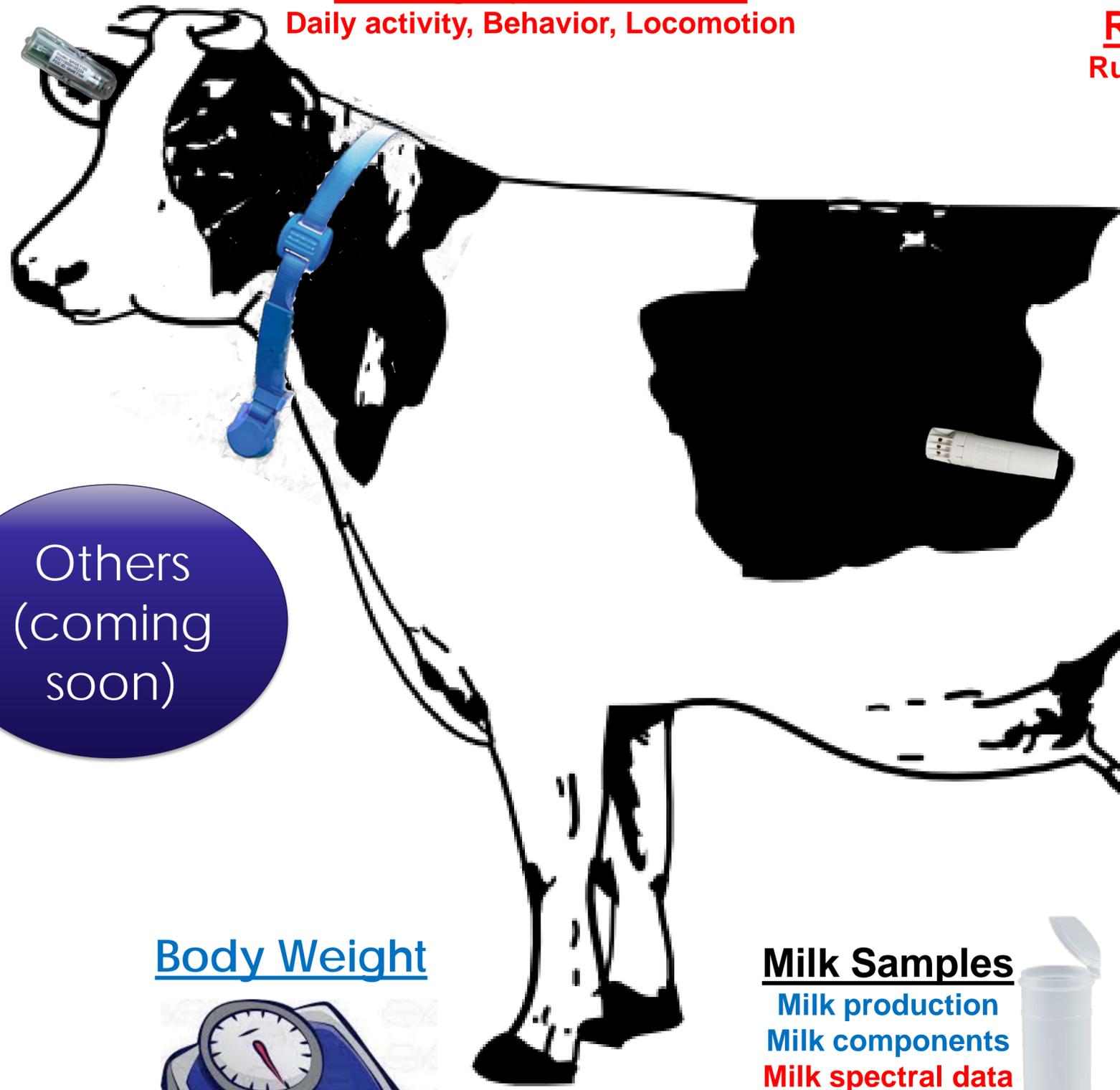
Image data

Body weight estimates
Time at feeding bunk
Other activities



Milking System Collar

Daily activity, Behavior, Locomotion



Others
(coming soon)

Body Weight



Milk Samples

Milk production
Milk components
Milk spectral data
(MIR and AfiMilk)



Rumen bolus

Rumen temperature
Activity
Water Intake

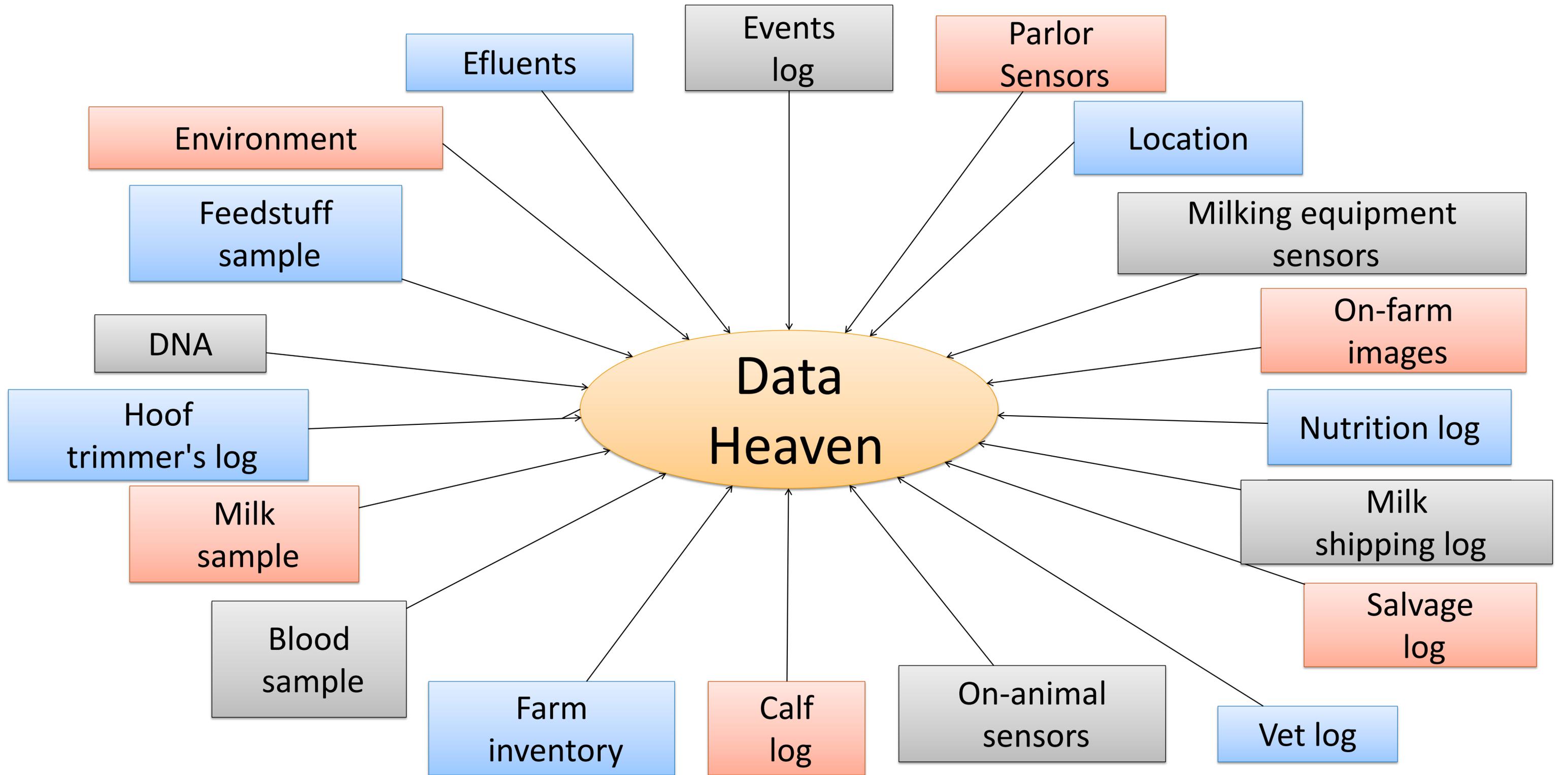
Thermosensor

Vaginal temperature



Pedometer

Locomotion/ activity



Dialog and Awareness (2019)

- **Series of activities to promote dialog and awareness :**
 - Meeting of the CDCB Board of Directors, Orlando, December 13-14, 2018.
 - NDHIA Annual Board Meeting, Orlando, January 28-30, 2019
 - CDCB Industry Meeting at the Western Dairy Management Conference Reno NV, February 25, 2019
 - National DHIA Annual Meeting, San Diego, March 5-7, 2019
- **Visit organizations related to the dairy supply chain:**
 - DRPCs
 - Dairy Records Management Systems (DRMS) Raleigh, NC
 - AgSource Cooperative Services Verona, WI
 - AMELICOR Provo, UT
 - AgriTech Analytics Visalia, CA

Genomic Revolution: The Next 10 Years

CDCB Industry Meeting with Western Dairy Management Conference (Reno Feb, 25th, 2019)

- **Vision: How does dairy look in 2029?**, Jack Britt, PhD, Britt Consulting
- **Genomic Legacy: What have we achieved in the genomic revolution?**
Paul VanRaden, PhD, USDA Animal Genomics and Improvement Laboratory
- **What has changed in the dairy business since 2009?**, Mark Stephenson, PhD, University of Wisconsin-Madison
- ***Panel Discussion: What future advancements do we envision through genomics?***
Jack Britt, Pat Maddox, (RuAnn Dairy, California), Denton Ross (Arizona Dairy Company, Arizona), Mark Stephenson, Paul VanRaden, USDA AGIL

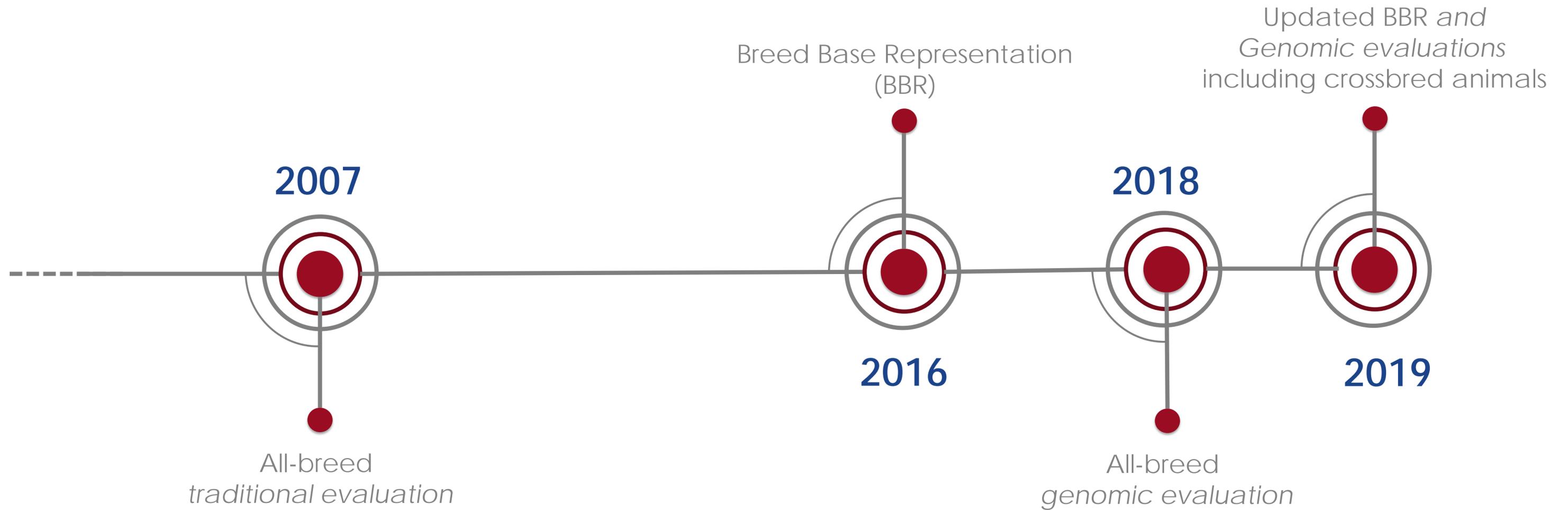


- **Transforming Big Data into Value: Put Data to Work for Your Dairy**, Miel Hostens, DVM, Ghent University
- **Big Data for Innovative Solutions in Ag**, Cameron Holbrook, Amazon
- Panel Discussion: How can dairy leverage big data?
 - Cameron Holbrook, Miel Hostens, Austin Hyde, (Heglar Creek Dairy, Idaho), Mark Rodgers, (MKVT Polled Holsteins, Vermont), Renee Smith, (My Dairy Dashboard)
- Roundtable discussions: How do we leverage data and new technologies?
15 tables (7-9 people) with a facilitator)



GENOMIC EVALUATIONS INCLUDING CROSSBRED ANIMALS

Towards a genomic evaluation of crossbreeds



Genomic predictions for crossbreds

- Genomic predictions computed within-breed since 2009
- More crossbreds will receive predictions in April 2019
 - Weighted combination of purebred predictions
 - Breed base representation (BBR): Genetic contribution of each breed
- Currently about 60,000 animals with >10% BBR from another breed
- About 17,000 animals with 6–10% BBR from another breed
 - Will no longer contribute to purebred reference

EARLY FIRST CALVING

Early first calving (EFC)

- Heifers eat feed but produce no milk until calving
 - Earlier calving is worth \$2.50 per day
 - Economic emphasis could be 3% of NM\$
 - Removes some emphasis from heifer conception rate
- Large database (23 million records) available for EFC
 - Heritability of 2.7%
 - PTA standard deviation only about 3 days
 - Reliability of genomic predictions of 66% for Holsteins

Starting April 3, 2019

CDCB FEE SCHEDULE UPDATE

Expansion of the CDCB services portfolio

- New traits:
 - Cow livability, gestation length
 - Resistance to mastitis, ketosis, displaced abomasum, metritis, hypocalcemia and retained placenta
 - Early first calving: April 2019
- Genomic predictions for crossbred animals: April 2019.
- Profitability indices: two updates on Net Merit, Fluid Merit, Cheese Merit and Grazing Merit
- New Haplotypes
- Accuracy: all-breed genomic predictions & 80K SNP list
- Genealogy: Breed Base Representation (BBR) & Parentage discovery

Expansion of the CDCB services portfolio

- Further expansion of the services
 - Access to new data streams
 - New tools and infrastructure – e.g. feed efficiency
- Simplification of the fee schedule
- CDCB service schedule update: April 3, 2019.
- Webinar: March 12, 2019, 1:00 pm EST

CDCB Fee Schedule Principles

- Data providers to the national cooperator database
- US herds and companies
- International genotype exchange partners
- Credits

Female nomination fees

Female Basic Nomination Fee	\$	8
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<u>Cooperator Credits^a:</u>		
Female born in a US herd?	\$	4
• Milk yield data provider?	\$	2
• Conformation data provider?	\$	1
• Health data provider?	\$	1
Female born in a Canadian herd?	\$	2

^aFinal nomination fee = Basic nomination fee – Cooperator credits

Male nomination fees

Male Basic Nomination Fee	\$	200
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<u>Cooperator Credits^a:</u>		
Controller is a collaborator stud?	\$	175
Foreign male submitted by an international genotype exchange partner?	\$	200
US herd providing data?	\$	100
• Milk yield data provider?	\$	25
• Conformation data provider?	\$	25
• Health data provider?	\$	25

^aFinal nomination fee = Basic nomination fee – Cooperator credits

Artificial insemination service fees

Basic AI Service Fee	\$ 1,600
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<u>Cooperator Credits^a:</u>	
Controller is a collaborator stud?	\$ 800
Foreign male submitted by an international genotype exchange partner?	\$ 800

^aFinal AI service fee = Basic AI service fee – Cooperator credits

Thank you!

www.uscdcb.com

