

Field Service Advisory Committee (FSAC) Meeting March 6, 2018 Embassy Suites Riverwalk - San Antonio, TX Attendees Anita Quesenberry, United DHIA & Chair, FSAC Bill VerBoort, AgriTech Analytics Erin Berger, AgSource Cooperative Services Angie Coburn, AgSource Cooperative Services Glenn Schmahl, Eastern Wisconsin DHIC Lucia Aguiar, Aguiar Milk Testing Inc. Cathy Myers, Amelicor Steven Smith, Amelicor Tom Blevins, Arizona DHIA Neil Petreny, CanWest DHI Jeff Parker, CanWest DHI Terry Hopper, Dairy Lab Services Lexie Parker, Dairy Lab Services George Cudoc, Dairy One Cooperative, Inc. & Chair, QCS Advisory Committee John Tauzel, Dairy One Cooperative, Inc. Carol Benway, Dairy One Cooperative, Inc. Tammie Guyer, Dairy Records Management Systems John Clay, Dairy Records Management Systems Greg Palas, Dairy Records Management Systems Brian Winters, DHI Cooperative Inc. Julee O'Reilly, DHI Cooperative Inc. Alfred Duran, DHIA West John Rhoads, Eastern Lab Services Michael Gallenberger, Gallenberger Dairy Records Dennis Drudik, Heart of America DHIA Susan Lee, Idaho DHIA Elizabeth Farrow, Indiana State Dairy Association Brett Denny, Lancaster DHIA David Bigelow, Sr., Lancaster DHIA Mark Witherspoon, Mid-South Dairy Records Bruce Dokkebakken, Minnesota DHIA Steven Sievert, National DHIA/QCS Jay Mattison, National DHIA/QCS Doug Mover, NorthStar Cooperative Services Kassy Fry, NorthStar Cooperative Services Gary Holterman, NorthStar Cooperative Services Kevin Haase, NorthStar Cooperative Services Chris Tucker, Rocky Mountain DHIA Dennis Edlund, San Joaquin DHIA Tony Nunes, Tulare DHIA Daniel Lefebvre, Valacta

Invited Guests John Cole, USDA-ARS-AGIL João Dürr, Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding Uffe Lauritsen, RYK, Denmark David Saunier, FCEL, France Juan Carlos Carnero, SAYCA, Spain Jay Weiker, NAAB Martin Burke, ICAR Roman Kwasiborski, FOSS North America The 2018 FSAC meeting called to order at 8:32 a.m. by Anita Quesenberry, United DHIA and Chair. Quesenberry asked for introductions of attendees and invited guests.

The agenda was reviewed and offered for additions. There were no additional topics brought forth for discussion.

Steven Sievert, QCS, distributed the minutes from the March 7, 2017 FSAC meeting as part of the FSAC meeting materials. It was moved, seconded, and passed to approve the minutes as printed.

Steven Sievert was appointed as recording secretary for the 2018 FSAC meeting.

Steven Sievert, Quality Certification Services, presented the following:

- 1. Field Service Report (attached to the minutes). There were no proposed changes from QCS to the *Auditing Procedures for Field Services.*
- 2. Meter Center and Technician Report (attached to the minutes). There were no proposed changes from QCS to the *Auditing Procedures for Meter Centers and Technicians*.
- 3. Accurately Describing the Test Day (attached to the minutes).
- 4. Update on the QCS Proficiency Testing (PT) program (attached to the minutes).

Jeff Parker, Robot Specialist, CanWest DHI shared the CanWest DHI approach to service those dairy farms with AMS in Canada with a focus on training, personnel and equipment.

David Saunier, FCEL, France, and Juan Carlos Carnero, SAYCA, Spain, provided an overview of the Ori-Collector semi-universal AMS sampling shuttle to the attendees. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

Chair Anita Quesenberry called for proposed changes to the guidelines from the floor three times. There were no changes brought forth from the meeting attendees.

The meeting was recessed for lunch at 12:04 p.m.

The meeting was reconvened at 1:00 p.m.

Steven Sievert, who also serves as Chair of the ICAR Subcommittee for Recording and Sampling Devices, provided an update of both approved and non-approved ICAR recording devices and associated samplers. Comments specific to ICAR-approved combinations of AMS and sampling shuttles along with device-specific issues were highlights of the presentation. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

Jay Mattison, CEO, National DHIA/Quality Certification Services provided a frontline update on critical issues to the DHI industry. Mattison provided comments on discussions surrounding Data Access and Use, the USAHA resolution on animal identification, and a business operations update. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

João Dürr, CEO, Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding provided an update on CDCB activities, goals, and staffing. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

The FSAC welcomed Dr. Daniel Lefebrve, Valacta to share perspectives on innovation and adding value to recording services as part of the strategic plan at Valacta in Quebec and the Maritimes. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

John Rhoads, Eastern Lab Services provided an update on the activities of the ICAR Milk Analysis Subcommittee (MASC) and initial plans for the 2018 Laboratory Advisory Meeting (LAC) meeting. Rhoads serves as LAC Chair and is a member of the ICAR MASC.

The FSAC meeting adjourned at 4:23 p.m.

Respectfully recorded,

Steven Sievert QC Program Manager/Field Service and Meter Center Auditor Quality Certification Services Inc.



Field Service Advisory Committee (FSAC) Meeting

Tuesday, March 6, 2018 Embassy Suites Hotel San Antonio, TX

Meeting Room – Majestic A 8:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.

The FSAC Meeting and Lunch is for Registered Attendees Only

Closed Session from 8:30 to 10:00 a.m. to only Field Service Managers and DPRC Representatives – Guests Welcome after 10:30 a.m.

8:30 a.m. Call to Order – Anita Quesenberry (United DHIA), Chair, FSAC

Introductions

Agenda Review and Additions

Approval of Minutes from 2017 FSAC Meeting (attached)

8:45 a.m. QCS Field Service Program Update – Steven Sievert, NDHIA/QCS

Coding of Data

- Herd Characteristics
- Supervision Codes
- Field Service, Meter Center and Laboratory Codes
- QC Codes
- Frequency Codes

QCS Proficiency Test Program Update

- 9:15 a.m. QCS Meter Center & Technician Program Update Steven Sievert
- 9:30 a.m. Noncompliance Steven Sievert & Jay Mattison, NDHIA/QCS
- 10:00 a.m. Health Break
- 10:30 a.m. Ori-Collector Field Setup and Use *Jeff Parker, CanWest DHI*
- 11:15 a.m. Ori-Collector Juan Carlos Carnero, SAYCA & David Saunier, FCEL
- 12:00-1:00 p.m. Lunch



12:00-1:00 p.m. Lunch

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|-----------|---------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------|
| 1:00 p.m. | Recording and | a Sampling L | Jevices Up | pdate – Steven | Sieven |

- 1:30 p.m. ICAR Sensor Devices Task Force Update Steven Sievert
- 1:45 p.m. Keeping Yon on the Frontline Jay Mattison
 - Release and Use of Data
 - Animal ID Changes
 - Business Operations Update
- 2:30 p.m. Health Break
- 3:00 p.m. CDCB Management Report Joao Durr, CEO, CDCB
- 3:30 p.m. DHI & Dairy Survey Jason Lombard, NAHMS
- 4:00 p.m. ICAR Milk Analysis Subcommittee/LAC Update John Rhoads, ELS
- 4:20 p.m. Wrap-Up & Adjourn



<u>Field Service Advisory Committee (FSAC) Meeting</u> March 7, 2017 Hilton Desoto Savannah, Savannah, GA

Attendees Terry Hopper, Dairy Lab Services & Chair, FSAC Bill VerBoort, AgriTech Analytics Tom DeMuth, AgSource Cooperative Services Angie Coburn, AgSource Cooperative Services Glenn Schmahl, Eastern Wisconsin DHIC Tom Blevins, Arizona DHIA Neil Petreny, CanWest DHI Emily Howard, Dairy Lab Services George Cudoc, Dairy One Cooperative, Inc. & Chair, QCS Advisory Committee Jamie Zimmerman, Dairy One Cooperative, Inc. Philip Dukas, Dairy Records Management Systems Erinn Evangelista, Dairy Records Management Systems Tammie Guyer, Dairy Records Management Systems John Clay, Dairy Records Management Systems Greg Palas, Dairy Records Management Systems Brian Winters, DHI Cooperative Inc. Alfred Duran, DHIA West Cathy Myers, DHI-Provo Steven Smith, DHI-Provo John Rhoads, Eastern Lab Services Dennis Drudik, Heart of America DHIA Susan Lee, Idaho DHIA Mark Williams. Indiana State Dairy Association Emilio Chavez, Sr., Integrated Milk Testing Services Lourdes Chavez, Integrated Milk Testing Services Jere High, Lancaster DHIA David Bigelow, Sr., Lancaster DHIA Mark Witherspoon, Mid-South Dairy Records Bruce Dokkebakken, Minnesota DHIA Steven Sievert, National DHIA/QCS Jav Mattison, National DHIA/QCS Virginia Sheridan, NorthStar Cooperative Services Kassy Fry, NorthStar Cooperative Services Garv Holterman, NorthStar Cooperative Services Mark Eisenga, NorthStar Cooperative Services Kevin Haase, NorthStar Cooperative Services Dennis Edlund, San Joaquin DHIA Dennis Marsh, Texas DHIA Tony Nunes, Tulare DHIA Anita Quesenberry, United DHIA Daniel Lefebvre, Valacta Dale McKernan, Washington State DHIA

Invited Guests

John Cole, USDA-ARS-AGIL Ezequiel Nicolazzi, Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding Duane Norman, Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding Kristen Gaddis, Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding Uffe Lauritsen, RYK, Denmark Jakob Christensen, Analytic Trust, Denmark Jorgen Katholm, DNA Diagnostic, Denmark Daniel Schwarz, FOSS, Denmark Ben Smink, Lely North America

The 2017 FSAC meeting called to order at 8:34 a.m. by Terry Hopper, Chair. Terry Hopper asked for introductions of attendees and invited guests.

The agenda was reviewed and offered for additions. Terry Hopper announced that he would like to step down as FSAC Chair after eight years of service. Nominations and election of a new FSAC Chair was added to the agenda.

Steven Sievert, QCS, distributed the minutes from the March 8, 2016 FSAC meeting as part of the FSAC meeting materials. It was moved, seconded, and passed to approve the minutes as printed.

Steven Sievert was appointed as recording secretary for the 2017 FSAC meeting.

Steven Sievert, Quality Certification Services, presented the following:

- 1. Field Service Report (attached to the minutes).
- 2. Proposed change to Section 8 of the Auditing Procedures for Field Services. A copy of the proposed revision with highlighted changes was distributed to all attendees. The proposed changed separated calibration requirements for AMS (robotic) herds and herds with fixed, in-place electronic meters. The proposed changes passed on a voice vote and will be forwarded to the Audit Review Committee for action. The anticipated effective date will be January 1, 2018.
- 3. Meter Center and Technician Report (attached to the minutes). There were no proposed changes to the Auditing Procedures for Meter Centers and Technicians.

Steven Sievert, who also serves as Chair of the ICAR Subcommittee for Recording and Sampling Devices, provided an update of both approved and non-approved ICAR recording devices and associated samplers. Comments specific to ICAR-approved combinations of AMS and sampling shuttles along with device-specific issues were highlights of the presentation. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

Jakob Christensen of Analytic Trust from Denmark provided a presentation on the new QCS Samples Unknown website that is currently under development. The new SaaS web program will address challenges identified in the current program from an administrative level as well as a user level.

Terry Hopper opened the floor to nominations for FSAC Chair. Anita Quesenberry, United DHIA and Mark Williams, ISDA were nominated. Nominations were closed and voting will take place prior to the lunch break later in the meeting.

Steven Sievert presented Tom DeMuth, AgSource Cooperative with an award recognizing his leadership and contributions to NADMA, QCS, and the FSAC.

Jay Mattison, CEO, National DHIA/Quality Certification Services provided a frontline update on animal identification challenges facing DHI and the industry in general. Mattison reported on the International Group (IG) cooperative efforts related to development of a new integrated milk recording & sampling device and a universal sampling device. Mattison also updated the FSAC on the return of the CDCB capitalization funds planned for 2017. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

Ezequiel Nicolazzi, Technical Director, CDCB, provided an update on CDCB activities and staffing. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

The FSAC welcomed Dr. Jorgen Katholm from DNA Diagnostic to share developments in using PCR screening for assessing milk quality and milking management.

Terry Hopper called for the vote for FSAC Chair. Voting by paper ballot occurred, with one vote per field service affiliate present at the meeting. The vote was a tie.

The meeting was recessed for lunch.

The meeting was reconvened. Terry Hopper invited the two FSAC Chair candidates to address the meeting attendees. Terry Hopper then called for the vote for Chair by paper ballot. Mark Williams, ISDA was elected FSAC Chair.

Daniel Schwarz, Cattle Health Specialist with FOSS provided an update of Differential SCC Counting technology to be launched later in 2017. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

Cheryl Marti, M.S., Zoetis shared an update on the Clarifide Plus genomic test product from Zoetis. Marti requested that this presentation be held in a confidential manner due to possible publication in a peer-reviewed journal.

Susan Lee, Idaho DHIA and National DHIA Board Member, provided a report from the National DHIA Membership Task Force. The proposal allows for bylaws changes to include National DHIA membership from privately held field service organizations. The proposal also outlines classes of membership that include associate members and industry partners with specific membership benefits for each of these classes. The proposal has been approved by the National DHIA Board of Directors and will be offered for ratification by the delegate body at the 52nd National DHIA meeting. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

The FSAC welcomed Ben Smink, Lely North America to share updates on use of sampling shuttles for collection of milk samples. Smink indicated that the Lely Shuttle XY, currently used in Belgium and the Netherlands, is undergoing a design change and will be available in North America in 2018. A copy of the presentation is attached to the minutes.

Uffe Lauritsen, RYK, Denmark, provided an update on DHI operations in Denmark, highlighting changes in services offered by RYK to dairy producers. Lauritsen also highlighted challenges with using component data from AMS systems compared to component results from central milk laboratories.

The FSAC meeting adjourned at 4:24 p.m.

Respectfully recorded,

Steven Sievert QC Program Manager/Field Service and Meter Center Auditor Quality Certification Services Inc.

Field Service Update



Field Service Advisory Committee March 6, 2018

Steven Sievert

Manager, Quality Certification Services Inc. Technical Director, National DHIA Chair, ICAR Subcommittee for Recording and Sampling Devices



General Housekeeping

- Audit submission options
 - QCS FTP site each organization has a designated folder
 - Dropbox contact QCS for instructions
 - Upload all files Excel, PowerPoint, PDF, Access, Word, etc.
 - Two way street QCS can upload reports, field training presentations, other supporting documentation
- On-site audits continue to be more efficient
 - Presence of auditor elevates priority to complete audit
 - Higher percentage of on-time submissions
 - Less follow-up materials and quicker turn around
 - Auditor can offer other support technician or field manager training, local board meetings, milk meter dealer support, etc.
- Common 'occurrences' with missing documentation
 - Computer theft, damage, or other issues
 - Lost forms/documents that were never filed or scanned



Approved Change in UOP

- Uniform Data Collection Procedures
 - Item 8 Definition of Cows In Milk
 - Change proposed and recommended by DRPC Advisory Committee
 - Approved by the National DHIA Board on June 28, 2017
 - PDF of UOP on National DHIA and QCS websites
 - It is field service responsibility to provide UOP to all herds

NATIONAL DAIRY HERD IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM UNIFORM OPERATING PROCEDURES

Effective June 28, 2017

8. COWS IN MILK

All cows in milk, when possible, should have milk weighed and/or sampled on the test day. Data will be used for record calculation for cows after the fourth day, counting the day of calving as the first day. The record begins on the calving date.



Observations – Member/Service Agreements

- Required for all herds on all test plans even 40s and 70s
- Good business practice, even for non-processed herds
 - Herds may convert from non-processed to processed
 - Record of herd code assignment
 - Access and use of data
- About 5% of new or restarted herds missing agreement during audit
- Common Issues
 - Never obtained agreement for new herd that subsequently quit
 - Missing signature(s)
 - Herd restarts DHI programs but member agreement is missing
 - Affiliate forgot about transferred herds
- New educational program in coming months



Initial & Follow-Up Training of Field Technicians

- Most field service affiliates meet the minimum
- Training documentation is dated for many organizations
 - No updates to training programs for over a decade
 - Failure to complete follow-up training as outlined in guidelines
 - Need to provide the tools for new field technicians to succeed in their role
 - QCS recognizes variances between affiliates just document what training you provided

What support is needed?

- On-line training modules?
- Customizable/fillable templates?
- Other?



Continuing Education for Managers

- Certain field service affiliate managers do not attend any organized training meetings
- Added Guidelines for Continuing Education of Field Service Managers - effective January 1, 2016
 - 4 of 24 affiliates failed to meet this requirement in 2016
 - 2 of 23 affiliates failed to meet this requirement in 2017
 - Certification status is conditional or provisional based on other compliance issues associated with the audit
- These issues create increased challenged and increase costs of support
 - Not aware of industry changes (UOP, test plans, calibration procedures)
 - Higher non-compliance issues during field service and meter center audits



Portable Meter Calibration Performance in 2017

* Meters are required to be calibrated at least once every 365 days

* There were 2 field service providers with 100% of meters with calibration intervals <365d in 2017

| | Best Service Provider | Poorest Service Provider | 2016 Weighted Mean | 2017 Weighted Mean |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Not Calibrated | 0% | 38.1% | 0.8% | 1.1% |
| % <365 days | 100%* | 0% | 52.7% | 54.1% |
| % between 365-425 days | 0% | 0% | 35.0% | 36.7% |
| >425 days | 0% | 100% | 12.3% | 8.1% |

Electronic Meter Reporting

- Don't forget to update make, model and number of meters as parlors expand or are remodeled
- Common incorrect statements regarding electronic meters
 - Set it and forget it attitude regarding meter calibration
 - A 10-day average takes care of all individual cow errors
 - Parlor report is enough routine maintenance is not needed or follow-up on deviating meters not required
- All test plans are included even 40's and 70's just because a herd is on a commercial or unsupervised test plan does not waive electronic meter reporting and calibration requirements



Calibration of Electronic Meters

- Guidelines require that herds using in-place electronic meters need to have them calibrated at least once every 12 months
- Guidelines offer options for compliance
 - Water Test Calibration
 - Parlor Report/EMMR/Manufacturer's Software Report demonstrating that meters are accurately weighing milk
 - Other procedure approved by the auditor
- Confusion over what is acceptable for AMS (robotic) herds
- New electronic calibration procedures from manufacturers that are not covered in the current guidelines
- This is a growing area for support, compliance and service



Approved Change to Guidelines – Section 8 Auditing of AMS and Electronic Meter Calibration Checks

- 1. Approved by FSAC and ARC in 2017 effective January 1, 2018
- 2. Separate requirements for AMS (Robotic) and In-Place EMM
- 3. New "Calibration Check Documentation for AMS" section
 - ICAR-approved routine calibration
 - Comparison of measured milk yield and reported milk shipped
- 4. Amended 'Calibration Check Documentation for Electronic Meters'
 - NO CHANGE: ICAR-approved routine water test calibration
 - NEW: manufacturer's computerized calibration procedure
 - NO CHANGE: Parlor performance report
 - NO CHANGE: Alternative procedure approved by auditor



Annual AMS Calibration Report



Minnesota Dairy Herd Improvement Association 307 Brighton Avenue South . Buffalo, MN 55313 (763) 682-1091 • Fax (763) 682-1117 • www.mndhia.org

IN-PLACE ELECTRONIC CALIBRATION REPORT-ROBOTIC SYSTEM

According to the National Dairy Herd Improvement Program, Uniform Operating Procedures, producer-owned electronic meters used for DHIA testing must be checked for accuracy by a qualified technician with the same standards used for DHIA meters if the producer wants information to go to USDA. DHIA information is used by USDA for Sire proofs and other genetic evaluations and is required if the dairy is on a young sire program.

- Calibration reports are required on an annual basis with a maximum interval of 14 months.
- Meters must be within 5% of the Expected reading.

| Herd Owner | Herd Code | Date |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Farm Name | Field Rep Name | |
| Address | Field Rep Number (| We will add) |
| City | State | Zip |
| Robotic Make (Ex Lely) | Model (Ex A3) | |
| Install Date (if new install) | Number of Units | |

Robot Serial #

| Robot Serial # | |
|--|--|
| This Robotic Meter has been calibrated as per deal | er instructions and is within certified tolerance: |
| Robot Serial # | |
| This Robotic Meter has been calibrated as per deal | er instructions and is within certified tolerance: |
| Robot Serial # | |
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ARENTSEN FARM SALES **& SERVICE INC**

618-248-5005

6875 Albers Road, Albers, IL 62215 618-248-5002 fax

September 10, 2014

To Whom It May Concern:

The Lely A4 Robots at Arentsen Dairy, Serial # 5000613 and Serial # 5000614 were calibrated on September 10, 2014 by our Lely Technician, Patrick Bach.

Gary Arentser President Arentsen Farm Sales & Service Inc **Alternative to Calibration Report for AMS Herds**

| | brezzy hill | | | | Robotic 14-May | Meter Te / 2014 | est Day B | ulk Tank | Differend | ces | |
|------------|--------------|------------|--------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Collection | Number of | Collection | Actual | Tank | | Milk Weight into Tank | Milk Weight into Tank | Milk Weight into Tank | Milk Weight into Tank | Sum of Daily Milk Weights Measured by the Milk | Deviation |
| Date | Robots | Time | tank | Volumn | | robot #1 | robot #2 | robot #3 | robot #4 | Meter | % |
| 05/04/14 | 2 | | | 3305 | | 1428 | 1903 | | | 3331 | 100.79 |
| 05/05/14 | 2 | | | 3549 | | 1701 | 2052 | | | 3753 | 105.75 |
| 05/06/14 | 2 | | | 3549 | | 1872 | 2084 | | | 3956 | 111.47 |
| 05/07/14 | 2 | | | 3946 | | 1889 | 2225 | | | 4114 | 104.26 |
| 05/08/14 | 2 | | | 3946 | | 2006 | 2072 | | | 4078 | 103.35 |
| 05/09/14 | 2 | | | 3876 | | 1919 | 1961 | | | 3880 | 100.10 |

Measured Yield/Milk Shipped Comparison

- Minimum of 3 consecutive days, 5 days give better results
- Deviation must be <u>+</u>3% average over evaluation period
- Spreadsheet template available from QCS
- Cannot use EMMR or parlor performance report like PCDART or DC305



Test Day/Milk Shipped Deviations < 96%

- Older Standard Bore Tru-Test meters & Waikato meters accurately proportion milk at flow rates up to 24 lbs/minute
- May be underestimating milk yield during peak flow rates – possibly 3-5% of total milk yield
- Need to use the right equipment for the job
 - Wide Bore (WB) meters accurately proportion milk at flow rates up to 32 lbs/minute
 - Use on-farm EMM if available





Test Day/Milk Shipped Deviations > 110%

- Many possibilities for high TD/MS deviations milking times, meter recording accuracy, group order, equipment modification, etc.
- Use of Milkrite impulseAir, Lauren, or Conewango vented inflations is one concern
- Changes the milk-air ratio in the cluster/milk line – exceeds the ISO standard for air flow of 30 liters per minute
- Tru-Test meters (actually all ICAR-certified meters) are tested and approved to operate within ISO tolerances for air admission





Testing for Potential Effect of Vented Inflations

- The ICAR Recording and Sampling Devices SC (RSD-SC) met in February 2017
- Similar concerns from Canada, UK, Denmark, Germany, Poland, France and Netherlands regarding vented inflations
- Manufacturers slow to comment as these inflations are non-OEM equipment
- RSD-SC testing the effect of vented inflations on milk meters
 - 5 classes of meters
 - 3 milk flow rates (3, 6, & 9 kg/minute)
 - 9 air admission rates (including 3 that exceed ISO specifications





Preliminary Vented Liner Test Results

- Each brand of vented inflation has different air admission levels but all above ISO specifications
- Lack of consistency (QC) in air admission level within a brand of vented inflation
- Air admission level can be affected by stall location and system vacuum level





Preliminary Test Results

High flow rates, increased by high air inlets from the vented liners caused obvious over estimation of the milk yield. That was much lower with classical liners with standard air inlets.



Figure 1: influence of the maximum flow rate on milk yield deviation with classical and vented liners.



Preliminary Air Admission Test Results

- Increasing air admission causes over estimation of milk yield in meters tested and certified within ISO levels
- The higher the milk flow rate, the greater the overestimation of milk yield
- Different devices are affected to different degrees
- Concern for management data more than genetic evaluations – decisions on cow management are made in the first 120-150 days of lactation when milk flow is highest





Discussion Points on DHI and Vented Inflations

- Adjustment of milk weights at the whole herd level is NOT an option
 - Accuracy is only affected at higher flow levels
 - Low producing cows or slow milking cows are affected at a lesser rate
- Certain systems DeLaval MM27BC, Afilite MPC, Interpuls MMV have procedures to compensate for change in air admission
 - Use of these on-farm meters is better choice than using DHI portable meters for milk
 weight recording
- In addition to overestimating of milk yields, milk samples in some systems are not representative
 - Oversampling of milk at peak flow rates (usually lower in fat & SCC)
 - Foaming of milk due to increased air admission
 - Flooding of subsampler resulting in milk from last portion of milk letdown is not being sampled
- This challenge is across borders and ICAR research continues National DHIA is engaged in understanding of issue and working together with Canada & Europe to solve these challenges and deliver direction and/or policy.



WebDonuts.com



"This desk job is killing me Jim. I need to be out in the field."

Thank You Field Service Managers!



Meter Center & Technician Update



Field Service Advisory Committee March 6, 2018

Steven Sievert

Manager, Quality Certification Services Inc. Technical Director, National DHIA Chair, ICAR Subcommittee for Recording and Sampling Devices



Auditing Guidelines for Meter Centers & Techs

- Certification for meter centers is procedure specific
 - Standard Flow Test Method
 - Fast Flow Test Method
 - Dual Meter Test Method
 - Weight Test Method (Portable Scales)
- Certification for meter technicians is model specific



What Happened to 'Speed Flow' Test Method?

- Speedflow test method was proposed in 2012 for Waikato meters (MKV and SpeedSampler)
- Goal was a 20 lb./min flow rate (90 seconds)
- Tests conducted in 6 meter centers using same meters
- Failed testing for repeatability and reproducibility
 - Flow rate ranged from 16.2 to 26.1 lb./min
 - Time ranged from 77 to 129 seconds
 - Calibration results averaged 0.71 lb. higher than standard flow
 - Determined was not suitable for calibration of Waikato meters



Audit Definitions

Mandatory

- Regularly scheduled audit conducted during the centering month
- Current audit schedules are included in your folder

Discretionary

- Deemed necessary by either the auditor or provider when
 - New location for meter center
 - Reconstruction or redesign of meter center
 - New meter technician(s)
 - New procedure(s)
 - New calibration wand (if moving from closed jar-to-jar system)
 - Change in vacuum pump/source
 - Change in receiving jar/vessel

Meter centers are responsible for all costs with discretionary audits.



Changes in Auditing Guidelines

- No proposed changes in guidelines from the field.
- There is one ICAR-certified portable meters to add to list of approved models for cows.
 - Lactocorder LC-S (also sold by Tru-Test as Lactocorder T-T)
 - Will need additional development time before actively sold in USA
 - Calibration will require a new wand with new flow reducer
- Guidelines for Meter Centers and Technicians need to be refreshed and restructured – propose review in 2018 and present at 2019 FSAC.
- Still significant number of older Tru-Test standard bore (yellow) & FOSS Milko-Scope meters in service – need to have a business plan to retire these meters.





Certified DHI Portable Meters – 2017

| Model | Model | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|----------|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| FOSS | Milko-Scope | 96 | 31 | 31 | 33 | 32 |
| Tru-Test | Auto Sampler (SB & WB Models) | 18,518 | 17,558 | 16,884 | 16,903 | 15,784 |
| Tru-Test | Economy (SB) | 1,881 | 1,742 | 1,313 | 1,097 | 643 |
| Tru-Test | Electronic Milk Meter | 426 | 405 | 450 | 550 | 542 |
| Tru-Test | Ezi-Test (SB & WB Models) | 8,418 | 8,624 | 8,917 | 8,648 | 7,748 |
| Tru-Test | Farmer (SB) | 3,918 | 3,278 | 2,993 | 2,793 | 1,835 |
| Tru-Test | Pullout (SB & WB Models) | 41,902 | 39,873 | 39,105 | 39,174 | 36,784 |
| Waikato | MK V (includes farmer-owned) | 8,916 | 8,745 | 8,846 | 8,817 | 8,716 |
| Waikato | SpeedSampler | 186 | 179 | 168 | 132 | 109 |
| Total | | 84,261 | 80,435 | 78,707 | 78,147 | 72,193 |



Note – Two (2) Field Services completed substantial meter inventory reduction and reallocation in 2017

Yearly Service Kits Are Required





General Observations from Meter Centers

- Still observing unapproved meter modification of parts so the meter samples faster resulting in inaccurate samples
 - Removal of ball in valve of the Tru-Test Ezi-Test meter
 - Cutting the tap of the Waikato MK V meter
 - Modification of the sampler in the Tru-Test Auto Sampler meter


General Observations from Meter Centers

Trying to repair cracked bodies or caps with glues/cement

- Weakens the whole meter
- Introduces air leaks
- Not approved for Grade A dairies (PMO/FDA)

Trying to repair broken hose nipples on bodies or caps

- Brass hose connectors
- Ball point pens
- Not approved for Grade A dairies (PMO/FDA)





Dirty Flasks on Meters



CIP is not effective for meter cleaning in many modern parlors

- need to add 1 gallon of water plus detergent/acid for each meter
- Cannot adjust cleaning cycle DHI is locked out of system
- Entire flask does not clean or sanitize



Dirty Valves on Meters





FDA/PMO Compliant Options

Vanden Bosch Testing (ID)



5/8 to 5/8 is \$5.25 5/8 to 3/4 is \$14.50

Mini-Cassia Dairy Testing (ID)



5/8 to 5/8 is \$9.00 5/8 to 3/4 is \$9.00



American Weigh Scales – PK Series

- Digital scale with low purchase price (\$22-26 each)
- 66 lb.... and 110 lb.... models
 available
- Easy to carry in computer bag
- Accurate but not legal for trade
- Can be easily calibrated
- Modern image for DHI providing accurate results
- 10-year warranty





Meter Technician Training School - 2017

Thank you to NorthStar Cooperative for hosting the 2017 MTTS







On-Line Resources

QCS resources on-line:

- Presentations from MTTS
- Fact sheets/pass fail charts
- Manuals for each meter model
- Certification exams for meter technicians (no charge)
- What other resources are needed?



Auditing Guidelines for Meter Centers and Technicians Version 14.0 - Effective July 29, 2014

Meter Technician Training Presentations and Resources Updated August 31, 2017

Auditing Procedures for Meter Centers & Technicians Meter Technician Calibration Procedures Calibration of Portable Scales Care and Maintenance of Portable Meters Care and Maintenance of Super Clamps

Meter Calibration Fact Sheet Meter Calibration - Pass/Fail Chart Scale Calibration - Pass/Fail Chart

> Meter and Scale Technician Certification Exams Updated August 31, 2017

Meter Technician Procedures - Certification Exam Scale Technician Procedures - Certification Exam Calibration of Tru-Test Meters - Certification Exam Calibration of Waikato Meters - Certification Exam

Repair and Maintenance Manuals for Approved Portable Meters Updated August 31, 2017

 Iru-Test Farmer (SB)

 Iru-Test Econo-Valve (SB)

 Iru-Test Pull Out (SB)

 Iru-Test Pull Out (WB)

 Iru-Test Ezi-Test (SB)

 Iru-Test Ezi-Test (WB).(EN) (ES)

 Iru-Test Auto Sampler (SB)

 Iru-Test Electronic Milk Meter (EMM)

 Iru-Test Data Handler (for use with Tru-Test EMM)

 Iru-Test Hangers and Brackets

 Waikato MK V

 Waikato Speed Sampler

 Foss Milko-Scope II



Meter Technician Training Schools – 2018/2019

- DHI Cooperative Inc. & Tennessee DHIA
 - planned for October 2018 with full training on all meter models.
- COOPERATIVE, INC
- Dalhart, TX (Circle H Headquarters, LLC) with focus on Tru-Test Auto Samplers only – specifically for ISPs in Western TX and Eastern NM.



 Spring 2019 in California and hosted by DHIA West – working on planning at present time.





Accurately Describing the Test Day



Field Service Advisory Committee Meeting March 6, 2018

Steven Sievert Technical Director, National DHIA

Important Variables to Describe

Current Coding

- Herd Code
- Field Service, Meter Center and Laboratory Codes
- Supervision Code
- QC Code
- Work Completed Weighed, Sampled, MRD

Future Needs

- Coding by Strings or Pens
- Equipment Type or Code (Meter, Sensor Name)
- Milking System Description
- Herd Management Description



Herd Code Assignment Herd Code Blocks Assigned by National DHIA Office

- Blocks assigned to field service
 affiliates
- Third parties (VAS) have been assigned blocks of herd codes
- Heifer growers may be using specific herd codes for record keeping
- Non-processed herds at each affiliate that may be using a specific herd code
- Auto incrementing of herd codes is not an option



Herd Code Assignment A new herd assigned when...

- New ownership of herd but at same location
- The herd moves to a new location (state, county, etc.)

Do not assign a new herd code when...

- Herd transfers from one affiliate to another and/or another DRPC
- It may be quicker than obtaining intent to transfer and release for the herd but is not in compliance with UOP



Provider Codes

References

Field Service 118 Meter Centers 161 Labs 346

| Field Service | Code is associated with the state where your office is located |
|------------------|--|
| Meter Centers | Meter center codes range from 900-999 Independent goat meters/scales: 998 EMM calibrated by third party: 999 |
| Labs | Lab codes range from 800-899 |

•Codes assigned by National DHIA

•Listed on QCS website for certified providers

•Allows for data exclusion from provider not certified for a specific period



Quality Certification Codes

Reference 118

| <u>Code</u> | Description |
|-------------|--|
| 1 | All data (event, yield, components) are used MEETS ALL QC |
| 2 | Event data and yield are used but components are not used METERS ARE CERTIFIED, LAB IS NOT |
| 3 | Event data is used but yield and components are not used METERS DO NOT MEET QC |
| 4 | The data (event, yield, components) do not meet QC and are not used DOES NOT MEET QC |



DHI Supervision Codes

Reference 108

| <u>Code</u> | Description |
|-------------|---|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Supervisor conducted test |
| 2 | Owner conducted test |
| 3 | Both supervisor and owner conducted test |
| 4 | Automated Milking System |
| 5 | Supervisor conducted test using electronic recording |
| 6 | Owner conducted test using electronic recording |
| 7 | Both supervisor and owner conducted test using electronic recording |
| 8 | Verification test not using electronic recording |
| 9 | Verification test using electronic recording |



DHI Supervision Codes Herds with Manual Yield Recording

SUPERVISED TEST: All test day production data and cow identification has been recorded by the DHI technician who is expected to collect data as accurately as possible and to use approved procedures when taking milk samples. The DHI technician may employ assistants to perform these tasks when the facilities or milking processes do not permit a single DHI technician to observe identification, milk weights, and sample collection as they occur. (*Supervision Code 1*)

UNSUPERVISED TEST: Test day production data and/or cow identification has been recorded by someone other than the DHI technician. (*Supervision Code 2*)

PARTIALLY SUPERVISED TEST: The DHI technician collected production data and/or cow identification information for at least one milking on test day and someone else collected production information and cow identification for other milking(s) on test day. The DHI technician certifies that the test day information is believed to be correct and accurate. (*Supervision Code 3*)



DHI Supervision Codes Robotic Herds

AUTOMATIC MILKING SYSTEM TEST: Test day production data and/or cow identification has been recorded by an automatic/robotic milking system. Milk has been sampled using an automatic sampling device approved to provide representative samples when used with the automatic milking system. (*Supervision Code 4*)



DHI Supervision Codes Herds with Electronic Yield Recording

SUPERVISED ELECTRONIC TEST: The DHI technician performed a supervised test using the electronic recording of production data and cow identification together with appropriate verification that equipment for cow identification, weighing milk, and obtaining milk samples is in proper operating condition and is accurate. (*Supervision Code 5*)

UNSUPERVISED ELECTRONIC TEST: Test day production and cow identification has been collected using electronic recording and is submitted for processing without verification by a DHI technician. (*Supervision Code 6*)

PARTIALLY SUPERVISED ELECTRONIC TEST: The DHI technician performed a Supervised Electronic Test, <u>but cow identification was manually entered by farm</u> <u>employees.</u> (*Supervision Code 7*)



DHI Supervision Codes

Reference 108

| <u>Code</u> | Description | <u># Herds</u> |
|-------------|---|----------------|
| 0 | Not used | |
| 1 | Supervisor conducted test | 12,175 |
| 2 | Owner conducted test | 4,083 |
| 3 | Both supervisor and owner conducted test | 21 |
| 4 | Automated Milking System | 67 |
| 5 | Supervisor conducted test using electronic recording | 763 |
| 6 | Owner conducted test using electronic recording | 111 |
| 7 | Both supervisor and owner conducted test using electronic recording | 17 |
| 8 | Verification test not using electronic recording | 2 |
| 9 | Verification test using electronic recording | 0 |



Looking at Test-Day Characteristics

| | | | | Herd 3237 | 0204 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------|-----------------|------------|--------------|-------------|----------|---------|
| Test | Date | DIM | Freq | Supervision | Weighed | Sampled | Rec d | ays | Anima | ls | |
| 2009- | 09-03 | 28 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 7 | | 3492 | | |
| 2009- | 10-12 | 67 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | | 3485 | | |
| 2009- | 11-09 | 95 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | | 3480 | | |
| 2009- | 12-07 | 123 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 7 | | 3469 | | |
| 2010- | 01-04 | 151 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | | 3490 | | |
| 2010- | 02-08 | 186 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | | 3504 | | |
| 2010- | 03-09 | 215 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 7 | | 3465 | | |
| 2010- | 04-12 | 249 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | | 3455 | | |
| 2010- | 05-03 | 270 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 7 | | 3463 | | |
| 2010- | 06-07 | 305 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | | 3496 | | |
| Numbe Numbe DCR f | er of t er of r for Mil | tests non-Q lk 10 | s incl 2C tes 22.1 | uded 10 ts excluded Components | 0 82.3 | | | | | | |
| <h3>1 32370</h3> | Cesting 204 | g Cha | iracte | ristics <td>></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | > | | | | | | |
| Test 20100 | Date ()607 | Cente 07 | r DHI 034 | : Cows Freq 3496 3 | Weigh S 3 | ample MR 1 7 | D Sup 5 | v S <u>r</u> | pecies 0 | Bre H | ed O |
| Updat | ed Pla | an Me | thod | %Ship Good | ID Mil | k Fat P | rot S | CS | Age Q | C In | File |
| 20100 | 610 02 | 2 | 2 | 100 100 | 2523 | 2 881 | 746 2 | .3 | 37 | 1 | 3415 |



Potential Inaccuracies

Is this herd milked 2x or 3x?

Does it changes each month?

Did the tech sample all the milkings? Test Date DIM Freq Supervision Weighed Sampled Rec days Animals

| 2009-09-09 | 26 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1313 |
|------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|------|
| 2009-10-23 | 70 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1274 |
| 2009-12-05 | 113 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1241 |
| 2010-01-14 | 153 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1250 |
| 2010-02-10 | 180 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1254 |
| 2010-03-08 | 206 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1228 |
| 2010-04-14 | 243 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1258 |
| 2010-05-18 | 277 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1243 |
| 2010-06-15 | 305 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1239 |

Number of tests included 9 Number of non-QC tests excluded 0 DCR for Milk 98.8 Components 98.8

```
<h3>Testing Characteristics</h3>
82410205
                     Cows Freq Weigh Sample MRD Supv Species Breed
Test Date Center DHI
20100615
            10
                 082
                      1239
                                                                  XX
                              2
                                   2
                                          2
                                               1
                                                     ٦.
                                                             0
                     %Ship Good ID Milk Fat Prot
Updated Plan Method
                                                     SCS
                                                          Age OC In File
                      101
                              45
                                    22558 891 749
                                                     2.9
                                                           41
20100621 00
                1
                                                                       51
82410205
                      Cows Freq Weigh Sample MRD Supv Species Breed
Test Date Center DHI
                 082
                        -1
                                   2
                                          2
                                                     1
                                                                   HO
20100615
                              3
                                               1
                                                             0
            10
                     %Ship Good ID Milk Fat Prot SCS
Updated Plan Method
                                                          Age OC In File
                                                 -1 -0.1
20100621 00
                1
                       -1
                               0
                                       -1
                                            -1
                                                           -1
                                                                      461
```



Potential Inaccuracies

Did the technician really weigh all 3 milkings or was this electronic meters?

Did the technician really sample all 3 milkings on this 3400-cow herd? Test Date DIM Freq Supervision Weighed Sampled Rec days Animals

| 2009-09-01 | 32 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3297 |
|------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|------|
| 2009-09-28 | 59 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3260 |
| 2009-11-02 | 94 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3233 |
| 2009-12-01 | 123 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3266 |
| 2010-01-04 | 157 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3333 |
| 2010-02-01 | 185 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3363 |
| 2010-03-01 | 213 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3327 |
| 2010-04-05 | 248 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3375 |
| 2010-05-03 | 276 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3364 |
| 2010-06-01 | 305 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3409 |

```
Number of tests included 10
Number of non-QC tests excluded 0
DCR for Milk 99.3 Components 99.2
```

```
<h3>Testing Characteristics</h3>
82410191
Test Date Center DHI Cows Freq Weigh Sample MRD
                                                  Supv Species Breed
20100601
            10
                 082 3409
                             3
                                  3
                                         3
                                              1
                                                     1
                                                            0
                                                                  HO
Updated Plan Method %Ship Good ID Milk Fat Prot SCS Age QC In File
                      101
                             49
                                   24329
20100609 00
                1
                                          827
                                                738
                                                     1.9
                                                           39
                                                                    2301
```



Future Herd Descriptors Needed

Coding by Strings or Pens

- Different milking frequencies, supervision, etc. for different pens, parlors, sites
- Equipment Type or Code (Meter, Sensor Name)
- Need to know source of data as we may have the same data (i.e. SCC) coming from different equipment
- **Milking System Description**
- Rotary, Parallel, Stall Barn, etc.
- In-Line Sensors
- **Herd Management Description**
- Seasonal calving, grazing, confinement, etc.
- Others?



Take Home Points

- Need to accurately describe/code test day and data sources
- Has to be a cooperative effort with field service, DRPC and National DHIA
- National DHIA is working with CDCB to ensure proper data handling and usage based on descriptive coding
- We will need to expand the capture of herd descriptive information to meet future needs
 - Multi-site dairies
 - Sensor devices
 - Provide qualified data for management and genetic research and reporting







QCS Proficiency Testing Program Update March 6, 2018

Steven Sievert

Manager, Quality Certification Services Inc. Technical Director, National DHIA Chair, ICAR Subcommittee for Recording and Sampling Devices



'Retired' Samples Unknown Program Challenges

- For the administrators
 - Limited scope and not expandable
 - System maintenance
 - Updates needed in reporting, statistics, static pages
- For the end users
 - Redundancy in steps and entries
 - Data upload was not possible
 - Old static plots
 - Browser compatibility was limited
 - Ability to use tablets/iPads



QCS Proficiency Testing Website

- Finished a complete rewrite of the QCS PT website in 2017
- Quantitative PT platform launched in August 2017
 - Traditional milk components Fat, True Protein, SCC, MUN
 - Imported all historical data for all labs and instruments
 - Added an 'IMPORT DATA' function for rapid reporting of results
 - Have the ability to add new components such as fatty acids, BHB, casein
- Qualitative PT platform launched in January 2018
 - Flexible design for tests such as ELISA or PCR
 - Supports PT testing on milk or serum
 - Have the ability to add new tests PAG, BLV, BVD
 - Added a 'SUSPECT' or 'RECHECK' range for validation





Samples Unknown - Conformance Report

| Station C4 PT Sample Set | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|------|-----|--|
| PT Sample Set | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PI Sample Set | | | | | | | Milk U | ea Nitrogen | | | | |
| | | | | | | | MD | SUD | RMD | | | |
| 232 | | | | | | | 0.427 | 0.821 | 0.039 | | | |
| 233 | | | | | | | 0.715 | 0.687 | 0.200 | | | |
| 234 | | | | | | | 0.337 | 0.609 | 0.298 | | | |
| 235 | | | | | | | 0.350 | 0.289 | 0.408 | | | |
| 236 | | | | | | | -0.428 | 0.534 | 0.244 | | | |
| 237 | | | | | | | -0.353 | 0.438 | 0.175 | | | |
| Station D2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Butterfat | | | Protein | | Milk U | ea Nitrogen | | | SCC | |
| PT Sample Set | MD | SDD | RMD | MD | SOD | RMD | MD | SDD | RMD | MD | SDD | |
| 232 | -0.012 | 0.016 | -0.002 | 800.0 | 0.016 | -0.003 | 0.860 | 0.510 | -0.263 | -2.4 | 3.3 | |
| 233 | -0.013 | 0.028 | -0.004 | 0.010 | 0.013 | 0.001 | -0.177 | 0.282 | -0.124 | 5.4 | 5.2 | |
| 234 | 0.005 | 0.026 | -0.004 | -0.014 | 0.013 | -0.002 | 0.991 | 0.500 | 0.173 | 9.6 | 3.0 | |
| 235 | 0.013 | 0.028 | -0.003 | -0.010 | 0.012 | -0.002 | 0.704 | 0.667 | 0.322 | 4.4 | 3.2 | |
| 236 | 0.025 | 0.020 | 0.003 | -0.014 | 0.012 | -0.001 | -0.457 | 0.761 | 0.144 | 4.4 | 3.9 | |
| 237 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.009 | -0.002 | -0.353 | 0.587 | 0.261 | 4.1 | 3.7 | |
| Station D3 | | 100 | | | 1.111 | | | | | | | |
| | F | Butterfat | | | Protein | | Milk U | ea Nitrogen | | | SCC | |
| PT Sample Set | MD | SDD | RMD | MD | SDD | RMD | MD | SDD | RMD | MD | SDD | |
| 292 | 0.008 | 0.016 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.010 | -0.003 | 0 702 | 0.641 | .0.086 | .21 | 4.2 | |
| 233 | 0.016 | 0.023 | 0.002 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.003 | 0.965 | 0.477 | 0.100 | 22 | 4.0 | |
| 203 | 0.010 | 0.020 | 0.002 | -0.011 | 0.017 | -0.000 | 0.000 | 0.477 | 0.100 | | 4.0 | |
| 234 | 0.002 | 0.020 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.016 | 0.000 | -0.155 | 0.009 | 0.200 | 3.0 | 2.2 | |
| 235 | 0.023 | 0.024 | 0.009 | 0.012 | 0.014 | 0.005 | 0.492 | 0.635 | 0.262 | -1.3 | 7.0 | |
| 236 | -0.003 | 0.019 | 0.009 | 0.020 | 0.015 | 0.007 | -0.503 | 0.995 | 0.097 | -4.5 | 3.1 | |
| 237 | -0.019 | 810.0 | 0.004 | 0.011 | 0.010 | 0.007 | -0.765 | 0.639 | 0.106 | 4.3 | 4.4 | |
| Station F1 | | and the | | | | | | . imeran | | | | |
| | | Sutterrat | - | | Protein | | Milk U | ea Nitrogen | - | | SCC | |
| PT Sample Set | MD | \$00 | RMD | MD | SDD | RMD | MD | SDD | RMD | MD | 500 | |
| 232 | -0.017 | 0.024 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.010 | -0.006 | 0.468 | 0.620 | -0.012 | -0.2 | 3.8 | |
| 233 | 0.006 | 0.028 | 0.003 | -0.012 | 0.012 | -0.006 | 0.790 | 0.743 | 0.145 | 4.0 | 3.7 | |
| 234 | -0.004 | 0.013 | 0.001 | -0.017 | 0.007 | -0.007 | 0.783 | 0.736 | 0.285 | 1.1 | 4.4 | |
| 235 | 0.007 | 0.017 | -0.001 | -0.008 | 0.007 | -0.006 | 1.208 | 1.103 | 0.530 | 3.9 | 6.5 | |
| 236 | -0.001 | 0.013 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.007 | -0.006 | -0.615 | 0.569 | 0.321 | 1.5 | 4.4 | |
| 237 | -0.004 | 0.020 | -0.002 | 0.012 | 0.010 | -0.001 | 0.151 | 0.634 | 0.464 | 6.9 | 6.4 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

QCS PT Website – Quantitative Platform

Conformance Reports



QCS PT Website – Quantitative Platform

Certification Reports





QCS PT Website – Qualitative Platform

Conformance Summary Report





QCS PT Website – Qualitative Platform

Certification Reports





Current PT Sample Set Results



Regression Analysis



[View Date] [Back to Dashboard]

Identity Line

| Conclusion | PREG PT 1 | Last 3 Months | Last 6 Months | Last 12 Months |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Correct Paditive | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Connect Suspect | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Correct Negative | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| False Prise re | | · · | ÷ | |
| False Susned | - | 10 | | |
| False Negative | | | | - |
| Missing . | - | + | + | |
| Bad measurement | | 7 | | |
| Overall Conformance | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Historical Performance

Qualitative PT Program – Johne's ELISA

Added suspect range for Johne's (MAP) ELISA in January 2018

- January results had laboratories with mixed results
 - Correct suspects False negatives False positives
- IDEXX MAP suspect range is S/P between 0.20 and 0.30
- Same test kit had range of positive controls that was 2x which affects the 'slope' of the sample result range
- Net effect was labs were outside either edge of suspect range
- Visited with IDEXX technical staff and continue to investigate options/solutions

Will not affect your certification at this time



Qualitative PT Program – Pregnancy ELISA

Planned launch of PT for Milk Pregnancy ELISA – Spring

- Ability to include multiple test kits IDEXX, Conception, etc.
- Initial plan is bimonthly (6x/year) for all technicians
- Twelve (12) samples in each PT set
- Report results as Pregnant, Open or Recheck
- Visited with IDEXX technical staff about test kit composition
- ELS would provide sample set via routine channels
- QCS could provide feedback to each test kit manufacturer to aid in troubleshooting and training – would include consent box with program application





National DHIA

San Antonio March 6, 2018

Integrity • Service • Innovation



DHI & ROBOTS Jeff Parker Robot Service Specialist CanWest DHI

Integrity • Service • Innovation





DHI & ROBOTS



() () ()

Integrity • Service • Innovation


Here To Stay



Currently 700+ Robotic herds on DHI Canada 400 for CanWest DHI January 2018 – 15 new "first test" herds Make up 12% of our current business Builders booking for 2019-2020





In The Field

- 65 Lely Shuttles
- GEA 8 ON, 3 BC dealer/farmer owned
- DeLaval 22 ON, 3 AB, 3 BC dealer owned
- 44 Ori Samplers
- + 30 more
- 60 staff handle on farm sampling





Challenges

- Keeping herds on test
- "Robot" became 4 letter word
- Staff hated testing robots
- Test Day "Issues"
- Nobody to help
- Staff/samplers/Geography
- Nobody wanted to "deal" with them!

(E)



Bottlenecks

- Robot Specialist Sept 2015
- Staff was miserable
 - Training
 - Extra hours
 - Samplers big, heavy, didn't work
 - Producers felt the same!

(E)

• Always reacting to situations



More Bottlenecks

- Robot companies unwilling support
- Rarely got all samples
- Sour samples
- Low fat % concerns
- Missing data
- Didn't know about herds moving to robotics
- Producers questioned the value



Problems











Turn Around

- Staff training kits, cleaning, on-farm impression
- YouTube videos, updated manuals
- 1-800-call Jeff staff & producers
- Focused on identifying herds moving robots
- Helped but still had big holes!



Ori Sampler

- Purchased 2, around 3 years ago
- Ok big and not really an improvement
- World Dairy Expo list of concerns
- Ori Light purchased 2 in spring of 2016
- Trial using a "C" student close to home
- Saw way too many positives to ignore

E



Positives









Victory!!!!

(f) (E) (m)

- We got all the samples
- Light weight
- Easy to clean
- Multiple uses
- Simple operation
- Нарру, Нарру, Нарру
- WE GOT ALL THE SAMPLES!!!!





Moving Forward

- Pro-Active instead of Re-Active
 - Contacting herds before they switch
 - First test extremely important
 - Explain the sampling process
 - Fat % influences
 - "All herds quit DHI testing"...?
 - Difference between on farm data & DHI



Closing the Gap

- Local area "Robot" reps
 - Contact producer before the switch
 - Be present at every first test
 - Help line for their area staff/producers

CANWEST

- Continued staff training
- Monitoring low fat herds pro actively
- Social media addressing concerns

Integrity - Service - Innovation (f) (E)

Social Media









Future

- Every robot herd has secondary contact
- Using all Ori Samplers no dealers
- One on one conversation with key accounts they determine future
- Open door with flexibility
- Benchmarking specific to robots







- Last 2yrs 3/4 of herds continued DHI
- Ori Sampler positive influence
 - Staff & producers attitudes
 - Test day issues decreased

- Being proactive best policy
- Focus on the right staff give them the tools to suceed



Conclusion









Ori-collector® presentation for general assembly NDHIA



San Antonio, 6 March 2018



- About FCEL, France Conseil Elevage
- Ori-Collector's story
- Project Fcel /Sayca
- ICAR Test
- Présentation of the device ori-collector®
- Market in the world
- New generation
- New development



About FCEL, France Conseil Elevage

- Ori-Collector's story
- Project Fcel /Sayca
- ICAR Test
- Présentation of the device ori-collector®
- Market in the world
- New generation
- New development



FRANCE

About FCEL



hall we have a second of the s

Our missions



/ LANDY



France Conseil Élevage (FCEL), a national umbrella organization of companies serving cattle and goat farmers



Action for our network







FRANCE

ALAMAN

Experts



the FCEL network strengthens farmers' motivation to maintain and develop their production.



FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

Offer for the farmer





Some number for the french situation in MRO

1 Marsher

Awaya and Augur

| FRANCE | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| CONSE Donner du | Year | Number of Cow | Number of Breeding | Cow per Breeding | Day in lactation | Milk (Kg) per lactation | Fat g/Kg | Protein g/Kg | |
| | 1984 | 2 369 574 | 69 429 | 34 | 280 | 4 961 | 38,7 | 31,1 | |
| | 1990 | 2 605 540 | 75 631 | 34 | 289 | 6 165 | 39,5 | 31,2 | |
| | 2000 | 2 757 817 | 68 911 | 40 | 316 | 7 184 | 40,6 | 31,9 | |
| | 2005 | 2 741 582 | 62 155 | 44 | 324 | 7 737 | 39,9 | 32,3 | |
| | 2009 | 2 696 694 | 53 075 | 50 | 338 | 8 109 | 39,9 | 32,2 | |
| | 2010 | 2 629 073 | 49 831 | 52 | 341 | 8 221 | 39,9 | 32,2 | |
| | 2011 | 2 612 760 | 48 200 | 54 | 338 | 8 395 | 39,6 | 32,5 | |
| | 2012 | 2 619 979 | 46 995 | 55 | 339 | 8 561 | 39,6 | 32,4 | |
| | 2013 | 2 674 565 | 45 302 | 59 | 342 | 8 415 | 39,6 | 32,2 | |
| | 2014 | 2 673 867 | 43 464 | 61 | 340 | 8 481 | 39,3 | 32,3 | |
| | 2015 | 2 620 102 | 41 830 | 62 | 337 | 8 518 | 39,2 | 32,2 | |
| | 2016 | 2 510 190 | 39 057 | 64 | 332 | 8 520 | 39,5 | 32,2 | |

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Somes figures for cow situation



Vaches laitières (x 1000) 2006 > 2016 : -7,1 %

FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

ALAM



Élevages vaches (x 1000) 2006 > 2016 : -34,7 %





- About FCEL, France Conseil Elevage
- Ori-Collector's story
- Project Fcel /Sayca
- ICAR Test
- Présentation of the device ori-collector®
- Market in the world
- New generation
- New development



FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

Level of sales for robot
in 2009 (950 Box)
in 2010 (1100 Box)



- Issue: Management many samplers ? Shuttle A, VMX, GEA suitcase,...
- Reliability: a few questions....
- Maintenance: not easy
- Price : No stable and very expensive

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- SAYCA, Spanish manufacturer has developed his own sampler. (Dealer for Insentec, 50 robots in Spain)
- Objective: develop a sampler device for the robot Insented
- Model: Rotation system very simple Capacity : 60 samples Live connection on the receiving vessel Suitable for Lely, Packo FullWood, Boumatic, Sac





Test in France on Merlin Robot in August 2011



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Test Conclusion:

FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

- Result is fine
- Easy to use
- Few moving parts
- 💗 Weight:

Tableau 2 : poids de quelques échantillonneurs robot

| Modèle | Poids (kg) | | | |
|---|------------|--|--|--|
| SAYCA | 17,8 | | | |
| Shuttle B, Lely | 19,4 | | | |
| Shuttle, Lely | 22 | | | |
| Valise Mlone, GEA | 24 | | | |
| VMX (+ caisse de transport), Delaval | 34,6 | | | |



FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

New feature of the device

- 90 samplers
- 💗 Finish Aluminium (+ light)
- Simple rotary system
- Dosing system(+ precise)
- Manage two types of bottle 30/40 ml Washable and Disposable
- Compatible RFID
- 💗 Weight = 15kg

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FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure New device is born

A new sampler device for all the robot





ORI-COLLECTOR





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FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE

Donner du sens à la mesure

Design of Ori Collector

- products thought to work every day: with robustness, low maintenance and simple mechanism to understand.
- Accurate samples: <u>ICAR</u> approved for LELY and DeLaval robots, and IDELE for all the others.
- Hundred of systems work around the world on a daily bases nonstop, this lead to continuous improvements of the product due to the frequent feed-back from our users.
- One single machine that can be used for all kind of robots, which means less investments and easier logistics.
- Very light weight to handle, less than half of the weight that the lightest competitor,
- Easy to disassemble for cleaning, and low downtime for maintenance, normally done by the users themselves.
- Robustness: only the best and proven materials are used in the production. Individual quality control program is performed in every single unit in our facilities before leaving the factory





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Lely: A3, A3 Next et A4 Approval by Icar in January 2013

- DeLaval: VMS with Delpro 4.00
 Approval by Icar in January 2014
- Hokofarm Group (Insentec, SAC, Happel)
 ICAR: waiting the agreement (started in December 2017)

J. CAMPAGE AND





Gea: MIOne ICAR test in Stand By ✓ Approval for France by Idele Fullwood Packo: Merlin ICAR test waiting (Units < 100) ✓ Approval for France by Idele Boumatic Robotics: MRS1 ICAR test waiting (Units < 100) ✓ Approval for France by Idele

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Compatibility Ori-Collector®







DeLaval : VMS

FRANCE CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

- Used only with Delpro 4.00
- Not compatible with HN
- Same connection of Lely







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CONSEIL ÉLEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure GEA:

FRANCE

MIone

- Compatible with all version
- Same routine of suitcase GEA









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Kit GEA













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430 used in France for more than 5 years

- Transport and installation OK
- Loading Bottle OK
- Filling and Rotation OK
- Disassembly OK
- Cleaning OK



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FRANCE

CONSEIL ELEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

Ori Collector, a Globlal presence

2017 - Export begins: Global market

- 💗 Canada +100
- Germany +150
- 💗 Spain +50
- 💗 USA +50
- Poland, Belgium, Austria, UK, Ireland.
- On Test: Finland, Slovenia, Portugal

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- 💗 80 Kit Gea
- 💗 300 kits DeLaval.

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FRANCE

CONSEIL ELEVAGE Donner du sens à la mesure

• After 2016, a new Generation, with a new Product range, has being developed, for the different needs.

• Line for Sampling Control (Universal type), or for farmers that want to own it.





• New dispenser, new crowns, new tracking system





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ORI-COLLECTOR

and take samples between controls. Also for diseases diagnosis



It has been designed for universal use:

- Lely A3, A3next, A4
- Fullwood: Merlin
- BoumaticRobotics: Mrs1, Mrd1
- SAC FutureLine, Happel, Insentec.
- DeLaval (Need of DeLaval kit)
- GEA (Need GEA kit)

Part Number:ARSD 20 FRCapacity:20 vials, Vials used 30/ 40 mlDrain position:Last position is drain when finished samplingMaterials:Stainless steel and AluminumWeight:9 kgDimension:330x360x285 mm

The drain position has been improved and the dosing system has been simplified







Ori-Collector 60 vials: Designed for final users



that want to own the sampler and for it to stay at the farm



Designed for specific robot brand use (NOT UNIVERSAL):

- Lely A3, A3next, A4
- Fullwood: Merlin
- BoumaticRobotics: Mrs1, Mrd1
- SAC FutureLine, Happel, Insentec

Also available for:

DeLaval

GEA (Need GEA kit)



Part Number:ARSD 60LE,/GE,/DLCapacity:60 Flacons, Vials used 30 and 40 mlDrain position:Last position is drain when finished
samplingMaterials:Stainless steel/ Aluminum

Weight: 10 kg Dimension: 425x425x285 mm The 60 vial Ori-Collector is now available on 3 different colors: red, grey and blue. Other colors can be available on request.





Ori-Collector 90 vials: Designed for sampling

organizations that need only one sample per cow





It has been designed for universal use:

- Lely A3, A3next, A4
 - Fullwood: Merlin
- BoumaticRobotics: Mrs1, Mrd1
- SAC FutureLine, Happel, Insentec
- DeLaval (Need of DeLaval kit)
- GEA (Need GEA kit)



| Part Number: | ARSD 90 |
|-----------------|---|
| Capacity: | 90 vials, vials used 30/ 40 ml |
| Drain position: | Last position is drain when finished sampling |
| Materials: | Stainless steel and Aluminum |
| Weight: | 12 kg |
| Dimension: | 330x360x285 mm |
| Optional: | Stainless steel box instead of aluminum (19 kg) |







Ori-Collector 132 vials: Designed for sampling

organizations that want to sample at least two milking's per cow





It has been designed for universal use:

- Lely A3, A3next, A4
- Fullwood: Merlin
- BoumaticRobotics: Mrs1, Mrd1
- SAC FutureLine, Happel, Insentec
- DeLaval (Need of DeLaval kit)
- GEA (Need GEA kit)

Part Number: ARSD 132 Capacity: 132 vials, vials used 30/ 40 ml

Drain position: Last position is drain when finished sampling Materials: Stainless steel and Aluminum

Weight: 16 kg Dimension: 570x600x285 mm







Ori-Collector, useful additional kit



The GEA kit for single robots- This kit is necessary to sample GEA robots

Use in GEA: Weight: Dimensions: Components:

Mione/Monobox 10kg 300x250x150mm Stainless Steel



The DeLaval kit- is adaptable to every universal sampler. This is needed for DeLaval robots. You only need to replace the deposit.



Kit GEA multiple box - This kit can sample two GEA boxes at the same time



Can be used: Weight: Dimensions: Components:



GEA Mione robots 12kg 300x250x150mm Stainless Steel





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Integrated RFID system for more tracability

Goal: in one round all the tag are read

- Tag used : low and hight frequency
- Power supply : Battery
- Bluethooth Communication
- Control the system by mobile phone
- Information managed
 - Start and end date of the control
 - Information about operator, device used OC, Robot
 - RFID Bottle and filling
- Test in March 2018 in France and Germany



RFID module



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• Ori-Tester: For Testing and Training purposes

New Products

- Can emulate de Robot: Mode Lely, DeLaval, and Gea,
- One position and Continuous running options



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New Products

• Char for carrying Ori Collector, Useful for the heavier stainless steel.



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Donner du sens à la mesure



New Projects : Cooler

- Refrigerator for the Sampler: To keep cool the samples in hot weathers. Microbiological analysis purposes.
- Great cooling down power,
- 24Volts





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- Double crown Sampler: Can Sample two Robots at the same time.
- Ideal for multibox systems, or those that can be placed close to each other.







It's a lot of work....

Alumitaria martin manual and a shall and the state









Thanks for your attention

2018 National DHIA Annual Meeting CDCB Update



João Dürr, CDCB CEO

March 6, 2018

2017 PROGRESS REPORT









Genetic Evaluations

- New trait: Gestation Length (Aug 2017)
- Test run for Health Traits (Dec 2017)
- New haplotype: AH2 (Dec 2017)





Systems

- New editing systems and formats (calving ease data, recessive codes, genomic files)
- Fast monthly imputation process
- New edits for animals with unreliable MGS/PGS¹
- Semi-automation of genotypes processing





Infrastructure (I)

- Security
 - Additional firewalls
 - Company-wise antivirus
 - SFTP protocol for private data transfer
 - IP ban strategy
 - Monitoring connections





6
Infrastructure (II)

- New domain
- New email system (cloud)
- New phones (new provider)
- New dedicated backup system





WEB Infrastructure

- Separate web/ and ftp servers
- New Website
 - Old query system in new environment
 - New query access + end-user agreement
 - New queries and apps
- Redmine
 - Internal documentation
 - Internal project management



8



Customer services

- Redmine
 - Enhanced communication and customer support
 - Ticketing system -> +1000 tickets in 4 initial months.
 - Reduced response time to customers (>50%)
 - Enhanced documentation for clients
- Genomic Nominators Workshop





Working Groups

- Dairy Evaluation Review Team (DERT)
- Genetic Evaluation Methods (GEM)
- Promoting Data Quality (PDQ)
- Genomic Laboratory Guidelines Task Force (GenLAB)



v Team (DERT hods (GEM)



Genomic Data QC

Genomic Nominators

- Updated QC guidelines Dec 2017
- MLA and metrics in place
- SOPs submitted
- Annual Review (in progress)
- Pending 2018:



- **Genotyping Laboratories** New QC guidelines - Oct 2017
- MLA and metrics in place

SOPs

11



2017 operations - Communication

- LOOK EAST (PR consultant)
 - CDCB connection (June 2017 onwards)
 - CDCB Industry meeting 2017 (October 2017)
- Mailing lists (Industry + subgroups)
- CDCB nominator workshop 2017



12



João Dürr, CDCB CEO

March 6, 2018

2018 GOALS AND OBJECTIVES



2018 – Preparing for 2028

Business Environment

Human resources

Innovation



Data pipelines



14

Research & Development

- Support ARS-AGIL revitalization
- CDCB Research Advisory Group
- Including crossbreds in genomic evaluations
- Feed efficiency
- Predictive SNPs update (77K)







Services

- Genomic Data Manager
- Health evaluations
- More tools for QCS
- SNP chip validations



Additional type genomic evaluations for colored breeds



Improving Infrastructure

- Review protocols for data exchange
- Review file format standards
- Improve genomic edits performance
- R&D dedicated server





New Tools

- All-breed programs implementation
- New web query system
- Evaluation results verification package





Data Flow & Quality

- Chief Data Officer (CDO)
- Alternative data sources
- Genomic laboratories QC review







GENOMIC DATA QC







Annual Review Plan

Metrics assessment

SOPs Review



Actions proposed by nominator

CDCB Recommendations



CDCB Genomic Nominators SOPs

- SOP for collection of animal identification, pedigree information and herd fee status
- SOP for sample collection, identification and submission to genomic laboratory
- SOP for uploading nominations to the CDCB database
- SOP for data conflicts management
- SOP for delivery of CDCB results to requesters





Classification of CDCB's genomic nomination performance metrics according to their impact

| Critical | Major | Minor |
|---|--|--|
| No nomination when loading Unknown animal ID IDs with 573/574 Herd code discrepancy Mismatch in fee code 1 or 2 | CDCB blanked dams due to conflict Usability code = N Fee code = N Genotype withdrawn Genotype reassigned | Changes in pedigree Sire pedigree missing Dam pedigree missing |







| | Threshold | January 2017 | February 2017 | March 2017 | April 2017 | May 2017 | June 2017 | July 2017 | August 2017 | Septemb 20 |
|--|-----------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| No nomination when loading | 1% | 0.0% | 1.93% | 0.35% | 0.32% | 4.71% | 1.72% | 0.0% | 0.3% | 1.3 |
| Unknown animal ID | 1% | 0.0% | 0.97% | 0.0% | 0.32% | 0.45% | 0.38% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0 |
| IDs with 573/574 | 1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0,0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0 |
| Herd code discrepancy | 1% | 0.0% | 0.77% | 0.35% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0 |
| Mismatch in fee code 1 or 2 | 2% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0 |
| CDCB blanked dams due to conflict | 2% | 0.0% | 0.58% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.38% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.2 |
| Usability code = N | 5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 4.2% | 4.18% | 2.42% | 1.34 |
| Fee code = | 1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.38% | 0.0% | 0.3% | 0.0 |
| Genotype withdrawn | 1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.76% | 1.49% | 3.32% | 0.4 |



Genomic Laboratories QC Guidelines

- CDCB Genomic Laboratory "ring test" strategy
- Requirement of ISO (or similar) certification for genomic laboratories
 - 4 years tolerance
- One-time CDCB certification laboratory fee
- QC metrics





TAKE HOME MESSAGES







CDCB Take Home

- Ambitious expectations



Palpable progress as the CDCB team matures

Industry collaboration more needed than ever

CDCB Take Home

- - environment?
 - How are we securing innovation?
 - Is the future leadership part of the conversation?



• Dairy industry business environment is changing rapidly. Would our business models still be relevant in the new

New players: can we afford NOT to work with (for) them?



Thank You! www.uscdcb.com



Effective collaboration is built over trust and shared visions, and success requires willingness to face challenges and competence to innovate.



Recording and Sampling Device Update

Field Service Advisory Committee March 6, 2018

Steven Sievert

Manager, Quality Certification Services Inc. Technical Director, National DHIA Chair, ICAR Subcommittee for Recording and Sampling Devices





THE GLOBAL STANDARD FOR LIVESTOCK DATA

Network. Guidelines. Certification.

ICAR Carry-over Testing



Testing for Carryover in Recording & Sampling Devices

- Recording & Sampling Devices SC commissioned study to develop a 'standard' and 'reproducible' method
- Comparison of alternative methods for determination
- Experimentation and procedure validation under way



Carryover in DHI Portable Meters

Auto Sampler



2ml in 25-30ml sample vial

Min. carryover estimate – 8-12%

Cannot change as it is a design issue

2ml in 80ml sample vial

Min. carryover estimate – 6-8%

Using the same large sample cup introduces additional carryover potential



Pull-Out Meter Flask



1.5 lbs. milk remaining in flask Subsequent cow yield of 40lb (18.1kg)

Min. carryover estimate – 3.8%

Potential to reduce with improving field tech procedures



Initial Results from Comparison of Carry-Over Determination Methods





Initial Results from Comparison of Carry-Over Determination Methods

- Carry-over varies between type of device and within a specific devices
- Operational techniques vary between milk recording technicians
- Carry-over is dependent on milk volume but not uniform in its dependency
- Carry-over in AMS more variable due to design, maintenance, and sampling tray



Goals and Next Steps of the RSD-SC on Carry-Over Testing

- ICAR Test Centre workshop to review procedures and determine a standard protocol for carry-over determination
- There would <u>not</u> be specific ICAR guidelines for carry-over level in devices but levels will be reported
- Development of best practices for device usability for milk sampling for specific tests
- DHI organizations must reinforce proper sampling procedures as these are only minimal estimates of carry-over



AMS (Robotic) & Sampling Shuttles







- MR-S1
- MR-D1
- Not ICAR-approved with any sampling shuttle
- The Ori-Collector is not an option with any Boumatic Milking Robot









- DeLaval VMS (original)
- DeLaval VMS 2007
- DeLaval VMS 2010
- DeLaval VMS 2013
- DeLaval VMS 2018 (new)
- DeLaval has two sampling trays – VMX and VMX7
- VMX7 sampling tray will work with DeLaval 2018 but not approved
- Changes in VMS in US (DeLaval response to FDA) have raised concerns – ICAR and NDHIA are reviewing at present time







- Galaxy Astrea 20.20 Premium
- SAC Futureline Max
- System Happel 2020
- ICAR test just completed with Ori-Collector and Shuttle XY
- ICAR-certification will be coming very soon







- Galaxy Astrea 20.20 Premium will be the certified AMS for DHI
- Dairyman will have to purchase a kit to convert the 20.20 Elite to the 20.20 Premium
- More information to be sent in the next 60-90 days











MIOne AMS

- Must use the MIOne sampler
- The Ori-Collector is not certified (failed ICAR test) to work with the MIOne




Monobox AMS

- The Monobox is not ICAR-certified currently working with GEA on testing and approval – test to begin in spring 2018 with GEA MIOne Sampler
- The Ori-Collector has not been tested with the Monobox







Challenges with Monobox AMS

- The Monobox uses 4 Lactoflow sensors for quarter milk flows and 1 Metatron meter for official DHI milk weight.
- Treated or fresh cows are diverted before the Metatron meter and do not receive an official DHI milk weight or sample.









Challenges with Monobox AMS

- Sensors that detect abnormal milk from a quarter will divert that milk prior to the Metatron meter (similar to handling of treated cows).
- Resulting milk yield will be incomplete (possibly missing milk from one or more quarters in total milk yield).







Dairy ProQ





- Modified GEA/Westfalia Sampler that is not certified with same software as Monobox
- Working with GEA on testing and certification access to installations, sampler certification, PCB changes all have impact on process





— innovators in agriculture —

- Certified AMS Models
 - Astronaut/Astronaut A2
 - Astronaut A3/A3 Next
 - Astronaut A4





- Certified Shuttles
 - Not all shuttles are certified with all Lely AMS Models
 - Lely Shuttle A
 - Lely Shuttle XY
 - Ori-Collector
- Modifications required to use Shuttle XY









— innovators in agriculture —

Shuttle XY

- Used in Netherlands, Belgium & Luxembourg
- Does not come with sample tray or ability to rack vials
- CRV developed tray with QLIP to meet their needs
- Not a working solution for North America presently
- National DHIA is planning to meet with Lely NA to review
- RSD-SC (Steve) will meet (again) with Lely International











- Currently testing new AMS from Lely
- Will be tested with Shuttle XY and Ori-Collector shuttles
- Pre-test results look promising
- When Ori-Collector is ICARcertified with the new Lely system, National DHIA/QCS will sent notice to all affiliates







- Ori-Collector Sampling Shuttle
- 5 models 20, 60, 90, 132, Double Crown
- Advantages
 - Lightweight
 - Larger Vial Capacity than Shuttle A
 - Ori-Collector 90 certified for Lely A3, A3 Next, and A4
 - Soon to be certified with Galaxy
 - Requires adapter kit and Delpro 4.5 or higher for DeLaval VMS
- Disadvantages
 - Failed ICAR test for MIOne AMS
 - Never tested nor certified with Boumatic or Fullwood



| | Lely A | Nordic B | Lely XY | DeLaval VMX | DeLaval VMX7 | GEA MI One | Ori- 20 | Ori- 60 | Ori- 90 | Ori- 132 | Ori- 72+70 |
|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Lely A1 | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| Lely A2 | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| Lely A3 | NOT APPROVED | UNDER TEST - FALL 2017 | YES | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| Lely A3 Next | NOT APPROVED | UNDER TEST – FALL 2017 | YES | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| Lely A4 | NOT APPROVED | UNDER TEST – FALL 2017 | YES | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| Lely (NEW) | | | UNDER TEST - FALL 2017 | | | | | | | | |
| DeLaval VMS | | | | YES | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| DeLaval VMS 2007 | | | | YES | YES | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| DeLaval VMS 2010 | | | | | YES | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| DeLaval VMS 2013 | | | | | YES | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| DeLaval VMS 2018 | | | | | UNDER TEST – FALL 2017 | | | | | | |
| Boumatic MR-S1 | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| Boumatic MR-D1 | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| Galaxy/Astrea 20.20 | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | UNDER TEST - EARLY 2018 | | | | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | UNDER TEST – EARLY 2018 | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| GEA MIOne | | | | | | YES | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| GEA Monobox | | | | | | UNDER TEST – EARLY 2018 | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |
| GEA Dairy ProQ | | | | | | UNDER TEST – MID 2018 | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED | NOT APPROVED |

Fixed In-Place Electronic Meters & Samplers



afimik[®] The Heart of the Dairy Farm





- Approved Models
 - Afiflo 2000
 - Afiflo 9000
 - Full Flow (MM 85/MM95)
 - Afilite (Germania's Essential)
 - Afi 155 & 155i (Sheep & Goat)
- Low-line installation only today
- High-line certification this spring
- Must Use Afikim Sampler
- There is no meter performance report available- must interface with DC305 or PCDART for EMMR
- Possible report available at dealer level – QCS is investigating options





- The Afi 2x Sampler is only certified for use with Afikim meters.
- Cannot be used with GEA Metatron, Boumatic Perfection, or DeLaval meters
- Decoupled systems have not been tested and are not certified
- Issues
 - Biased results
 - Sampler flooding with other meters
 - Foaming and flooding with vented inflations (impulseAir, Conewango)







- The Ambic sampler is not certified for DHI programs under any conditions.
- It has never been ICAR tested
- Appears to be a negative bias for fat in limited testing
- The challenge is the local milking equipment dealers are selling this sampler with on-farm meters instead of the higher-priced ICARcertified sampler for the respective meter model





- The Beco Scan Nexus is not approved for recording of milk weights in DHI programs
- Is not ICAR-certified
- It cannot be ICAR tested as they do not have a sampler of their own
- Option to use another manufacturer's sampler but BECO is not willing to invest in testing and certification at this time









- Also known as Model M/M+
- Must use the Boumatic Precision
 Sampler
- Service manual, troubleshooting guides, and calibration instructions are available from QCS.







AMI 5450/5550

- Automatic Milk Indicator
- Not ICAR tested/certified
- Will not pass ICAR test
- There is no sampler for the system – cannot use another sampler like the Afi 2X sampler
- Cannot be used for DHI
 programs







Perfection 3000

- Must use Boumatic Perfection Sampler with the meter
- Some components are no longer available – will have to be retested in near future
- New calibration module in software (AQUA) is causing concerns about meters reading low – ICAR is reviewing
- Service manual, troubleshooting guides, and calibration instructions are available from QCS.







SmartControl Meter

- **ICAR-certified**
- Must use the Boumatic Perfection
 Sampler
- Must retrofit deflector/upgrade software – still not completed in some areas (CA, CO, New England)
 - Fat is underestimated with old deflector





Provantage Parlor Report

| | | | | | | | MLK0 18 3: | G NO. I FEB 09 58 PM | S1 | | | | | | |
|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|------|------------------|----------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| | | | _ | | | P | roVant | tage 1 | Prime | | | | | | |
| stl | Cows | P/E | Prod | Exp | Time | #Cnd | C/AC | Cond | AvgC | MDet | MMod | RCtr | F120 | Data | CIP |
| 1 | 38 | 103 | 38 | 37 | 5 | 37 | 98 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 141 |
| 2 | 38 | 99 | 38 | 38 | 5 | 38 | 108 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 126 |
| 3 | 37 | 104 | 38 | 36 | 5 | 36 | 112 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 118 |
| 4 | 37 | 103 | 37 | 36 | 5 | 36 | 104 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 0 | • 2 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 128 |
| 5 | 36 | 103 | 39 | 37 | 5 | 36 | 82 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 118 |
| 6 | 35 | 97 | 36 | 37 | 5 | 35 | 106 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 100 |
| 7 | 35 | 105 | 38 | 36 | 5 | 34 | 108 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 119 |
| 8 | 36 | 101 | 36 | 36 | 5 | 36 | 113 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 8 | 0 | 116 |
| 9 | 36 | 98 | 37 | 3.8 | 5 | 35 | 81 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 140 |
| 10 | 36 | 99 | 38 | 38 | 5 | 36 | 103 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 148 |
| 11 | 35 | 96 | 38 | 39 | 6 | 35 | 99 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 130 |
| 12 | 34 | 101 | 39 | 39 | 5 | 33 | 107 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 121 |
| 13 | 39 | 99 | 36 | 37 | 5 | 38 | 102 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 110 |
| 14 | 39 | 107 | 37 | 35 | 5 | 38 | 108 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 109 |
| 15 | .39 | 105 | 38 | 36 | 5 | 38 | 101 | 6.1 | 6.0 | . 0 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 109 |
| 16 | 38 | 92 | 35 | 38 | 5 | 38 | 98 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 116 |
| 17 | 36 | 102 | 37 | 36 | 5 | 35 | 106 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 0 | Э | 0 | 8 | 0 | 111 |
| 1 | 35 | 100 | 37 | 37 | 5 | 34 | 112 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 104 |
| 19 | 35 | 106 | 37 | 34 | 5 | 35 | 104 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 107 |
| 20 | 36 | 101 | 36 | 35 | 5 | 35 | 90 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 109 |
| 21 | 36 | 107 | 41 | 39 | 5 | 36 | 111 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 107 |
| 22 | 34 | 96 | 34 | 36 | 5 | 33 | 105 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 9 | . 1 | 110 |
| 23 | 34 | 98 | 39 | 40 | 5 | 34 | 105 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 109 |
| 24 | 32 | 99 | 38 | 39 | 5 | 32 | 110 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 105 |



| | | _ | 15 | imart | Dairy | | START | :2014-0 | Stall Sun ROTA 5-01 10:0 | RYBA | Repor RN OP:20 | t 14-05- | 01 16 | :52 |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------------|-------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Bo | ou <mark>Mat</mark> | ic | STALL | MILK | TOTAL LBS | AVG CONE | MANU | MANUAL DETACH | REATTACH | AVG LBS / MIN 60 120 | MAX LBS / MIN 60 120 | % OF XPCTD | MIN ATT'D | # WASH DUMP |
| | | T. | 1 | 39 | 1690.4 | 6.8 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 11.7 | 19.0 | 101 | 5.3 | 131 |
| | SmartDairy | | 2 | 40 | 1796.8 | 7.0 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 12.2 | 26.0 | 100 | 5.2 | 136 |
| 100 | | | 3 | 40 | 1808.6 | 6.9 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 12.5 | 29.0 | 106 | 5.3 | 140 |
| Re | eport On | | 4 | 38 | 1714.0 | 6.6 | 5 | 10 | 2 | 10.5 | 20.0 | 101 | 5.8 | 79 |
| Mo | ost Recent Shift: | T. | 5 | 39 | 1737.8 | 7.1 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 12.4 | 22.0 | 102 | 5.2 | 138 |
| 20 | 013-01-13 06:43 | | 6 | 40 | 1738.3 | 0.0 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 12.3 | 24.0 | 104 | 5.3 | 134 |
| 10 | Parlor 52 Martin | T | 7 | 40 | 1874.4 | 7.1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 12.3 | 21.0 | 106 | 5.4 | 139 |
| | | | 8 | 38 | 1732.4 | 6.5 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 11.9 | 24.0 | 110 | 5.5 | 133 |
| F | | | - 9 | 36 | 1671.0 | 7.1 | 2 | 14 | 9 | 13.1 | 24.0 | 102 | 5.2 | 141 |
| | Select Shift(s) | | 10 | 39 | 1703.5 | 5.3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 13.3 | 24.0 | 102 | 5.1 | 149 |
| 1 | | | 11 | 39 | 1782.0 | 7.3 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 11.1 | 25.0 | 103 | 5.7 | 134 |
| | Aveilable Reports | Description 🔶 | 12 | 39 | 1726.5 | 7.0 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 12.7 | 21.0 | 98 | 5.5 | 143 |
| 6 | a Tables | Tabular Par | 13 | 37 | 1605.7 | 7.2 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 10.0 | 19.0 | 99 | 5.7 | 154 |
| | Lot Summary Report | 3 Tables of a M | 14 | 38 | 1621.7 | 6.8 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 11.0 | 19.0 | 99 | 5,4 | 136 |
| | Stall Sunnary Report | Table of Mik Sk | 15 | 40 | 1864.0 | 6.9 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 11.7 | 25.0 | 103 | 5.5 | 145 |
| | Scheduled Cow Sorts Report | Table of comple | 16 | 39 | 1755.5 | 7.2 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 12.4 | 24.0 | 107 | 5.5 | 140 |
| | Unassigned Cow Tags Report | Table of Cow T | 17 | 40 | 1783.4 | 0.0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 11.9 | 22.0 | 104 | 5.3 | 134 |
| | Cows Milked in Wrong Lot Report | Table of data ft | 18 | 38 | 1726.0 | 4.0 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 12.4 | 24.0 | 101 | 5.6 | 143 |
| | Attaches by Zone Report | Table of Attach | 19 | 39 | 1730.0 | 4.1 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 11.3 | 17.0 | 101 | 5.4 | 150 |
| | Attaches by Parlor Report | Table of Attach | 20 | 40 | 1886.3 | 6.9 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 13.6 | 22.0 | 105 | 5.2 | 147 |
| | Reattach Events Report | Table of Re-att | 21 | 38 | 1674.7 | 6.0 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 12.4 | 25.0 | 100 | 5.2 | 147 |
| | Miking Shift Report | Table of basic c | 22 | 38 | 1739.6 | 0.0 | 8 | 18 | 15 | 12.1 | 21.0 | 110 | 5.7 | 144 |
| | Cows Expected but Not Read Report | Table of Cows I | 23 | 40 | 1887.6 | 6.9 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 14.9 | 22.0 | 113 | 4.8 | 169 |
| | Miking Summary Report | Table of 1-line : | 24 | 40 | 1561.0 | 7.1 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 11.2 | 19.0 | 96 | 5.1 | 164 |
| | AI Cows Report | Table of Cows r | 25 | 39 | 1765.5 | 7.0 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 11.1 | 17.0 | 101 | 6.0 | 163 |
| | Classic Activity Report | Table of Classic | 26 | 40 | 1980.3 | 6.8 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 12.8 | 22.0 | 110 | 5.7 | 132 |
| | Weekly Production Report | Table of Weekly | 27 | 38 | 1616.3 | 0.0 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 11.1 | 21.0 | 102 | 5.8 | 132 |
| | Stall Diagnostic Report | Table of Stall Di | 28 | 37 | 1613.7 | 7.3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 12.4 | 22.0 | 101 | 5.4 | 135 |
| | | | 29 | 37 | 1586.9 | 6.4 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 11.7 | 24.0 | 101 | 5.6 | 141 |
| | | | 30 | 39 | 1726.6 | 7.1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 13.0 | 22.0 | 103 | 5.3 | 133 |



reported: 2014-05-15 10:24

© BouMatic



CURRENT WEIGHALL MILK METER & MILK METER CONTROLLER WITH ICAR APPROVAL.



Weighall Milk Meter

- Both high line and lowline installations are certified at this time
 - No meter performance report in current Dairymaster Milk Manager software
- Dairymaster changed the dump cycle in software – affects accuracy of meter
- Weighall meter will be decertified if Dairymaster does not retest it in a timely fashion





- Challenges with the Dairymaster subsampler
- Mixing of milk is crucial before sampling due to shape of sampler
 - 10 seconds mixing time
 - Complete drainage of sampler
- Failure to properly mix subsample can result in overestimating milk fat and SCC values
- High carryover potential if sampler is not emptied





Swiftflo Commander

WEIGHALL MILK METER & NEW SWIFTFLO COMMANDER TOUCH CONTROLLER



- Uses old Weighall meter with a new controller
- Not ICAR-certified
- RSD-SC is taking strong action





Milk Flow Sensor and Swiftflo Commander

MILK FLOW SENSOR & NEW SWIFTFLO COMMANDER TOUCH CONTROLLER



- The combination of the new flow sensor and Swiftflo Commander panel is not ICAR-certified
- Will not pass ICAR testing with current technology





- Approved Models
 - Flomaster
 - SG (Sheep & Goat)
 - MM15 (Flomaster Pro)
 - MM25/MM25W/MM27BC
 - Delpro MU480/MU486
- Must use proper DeLaval sampler for each model
- All meters are low-line except for Delpro MU480/MU486
- New meter calibration functionality in Delpro software for MM25/MM27BC





 Unapproved models – these are flow indicators (FI) that are only in the 5-8% accuracy range





FI 5

FI 2







MM15 (Flomaster Meter)

- Must use the correct sampler
- Fill and dump meter
- Calibration instructions and troubleshooting guides available from QCS







MM25/MM27BC

- Must use the correct sampler
- Continuous flow sensor meter from SCR that uses combination of infrared and white light
- Reported issues with vented inflations
- Calibration instructions and troubleshooting guides available from QCS





Alpro/Delpro Report for Calibration of MM25/27 Meters

- Can be calibrated every month
- Uses milk shipped weight info
- New bias values are entered into meter (automatic in latest Delpro software)

| 💒 Milk Meter (| Calibration | | | | | | | X |
|------------------|----------------|----------|-----------|-------------|----------|------------|-------|---|
|) I | | | | | | Save File | Print | 1 |
| 4-4- | | | | | | Befresh | Close | |
| MAYER FARM | IS INC | | | | | Honoon | | |
| ALPRO Time: 2 | :00 09.04.10 | | | Milk | Meter C | alibration | | |
| l | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Current calibrat | tion factor: 1 | .00 Upda | ite | | | | | |
| Last calibration | n date: - | | | | | | | |
| | | Save | e the new | BIAS values | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| MPC Parlour | Relative | Current | New | MPC Parlour | Relative | Current | New | |
| Pos | Yield | BIAS | BIAS | Pos | Yield | BIAS | BIAS | |
| 1 | 97.16 | 1000 | 1029 | 21 | 97.87 | 1000 | 1021 | |
| 2 | 97.43 | 1000 | 1026 | 22 | 99.39 | 1000 | 1006 | |
| 3 | 98.57 | 1000 | 1014 | 23 | 98.73 | 1000 | 1012 | |
| 4 | 100.00 | 1000 | 1000 | 24 | 98.48 | 1000 | 1015 | |
| 5 | 98.17 | 1000 | 1018 | 25 | 97.63 | 1000 | 1024 | |
| 6 | 98.42 | 1000 | 1016 | 26 | 98.80 | 1000 | 1012 | |
| 7 | 98.49 | 1000 | 1015 | 27 | 98.79 | 1000 | 1012 | |
| 8 | 99.78 | 1000 | 1002 | 28 | 97.61 | 1000 | 1024 | |
| 9 | 97.86 | 1000 | 1021 | 29 | 99.23 | 1000 | 1007 | |
| 10 | 99.50 | 1000 | 1005 | 30 | 97.88 | 1000 | 1021 | |
| 11 | 98.08 | 1000 | 1019 | 31 | 99.02 | 1000 | 1009 | |
| 12 | 98.71 | 1000 | 1013 | 32 | 98.25 | 1000 | 1017 | |
| 13 | 98.85 | 1000 | 1011 | 33 | 98.66 | 1000 | 1013 | |
| 14 | 96.90 | 1000 | 1031 | 34 | 99.12 | 1000 | 1008 | |
| 15 | 96.89 | 1000 | 1032 | 35 | 98.50 | 1000 | 1015 | |
| 16 | 96.07 | 1000 | 1040 | 36 | 97.99 | 1000 | 1020 | |
| 17 | 97.59 | 1000 | 1024 | 37 | 98.80 | 1000 | 1012 | |
| 18 | 98.77 | 1000 | 1012 | 38 | 98.77 | 1000 | 1012 | |
| 19 | 98.31 | 1000 | 1017 | 39 | 97.36 | 1000 | 1027 | |
| 20 | 98.84 | 1000 | 1011 | 40 | 98.69 | 1000 | 1013 | ~ |





- The E-Z Sampler is not approved for DHI programs under any conditions.
- Is not ICAR approved
- The challenge is the local milking equipment dealers are selling this sampler with on-farm meters instead of higher-priced ICAR approved sampler for the respective meter model

| Set-Up | # Cows | BF MD | BF SD | Protein MD | Protein SD | SCC MD | SCC SD |
|---|--------|-------|-------|---------------|---------------|-----------|--------|
| EZ Sampler before Boumatic Meter | 167 | +0.06 | 0.152 | -0.04 | 0.082 | +58 | 69 |
| EZ Sampler behind Boumatic Meter (proper setup) | 86 | +0.18 | 0.368 | -0.06 | 0.047 | +121 | 127 |





Metatron Meter

- Certified Controller Combinations
 - Metatron 12
 - S21/P21
 - Dematron 70
 - Dematron 75
- Low-Line Installation
- High-Line Installation Now ICARcertified
- Must Use GEA/Westfalia Sampler
- Reports of Sampler Flooding with Higher Milk Flow Rates or Vented Inflations – ICAR investigating

Metatron Meter Report



DaltyPlan DPList 5.212.022 NO10C108 BOS 4

1-02-09 6:45

| | Number | No | Cow# | Cow# | Auto | Ä | verages | | Total |
|-------|---------|------|------|------|------|-------|---------|------|-------|
| Meter | Weights | Cow# | Hand | Auto | 8 | Milk | Time | %Dev | Milk |
| 54 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 100 | 27.11 | 5.0 | 0 | 1274 |
| 55 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 27.79 | 5.1 | 1 | 1278 |
| 56 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 100 | 31.78 | 5.1 | 9 | 1494 |
| 57 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 45 | 100 | 27.42 | 5.1 | -5 | 1234 |
| 58 | 47 | О | 0 | 47 | 100 | 28.78 | 5.1 | 7 | 1352 |
| 59 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 26.76 | 4.8 | -3 | 1231 |
| 60 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 26.96 | 4.8 | 2 | 1240 |
| 61 | 47 | 1 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 25.81 | 5.0 | -0 | 1213 |
| 62 | 47 | 0 | 0 · | 47 | 100 | 24.92 | 4.8 | -6 | 1171 |
| 63 | 47 | 1 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 28.43 | 5.0 | 3 | 1336 |
| 64 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 28.17 | 4.8 | 4 | 1296 |
| 65 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 25.97 | 5.0 | -5 | 1195 |
| 66 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 26.98 | 5.0 | -1 | 1241 |
| 67 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 26.73 | 4.9 | -7 | 1230 |
| 68 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 45 | 100 | 26.49 | 5.0 | ~ 3 | 1192 |
| 69 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 100 | 28.53 | 5.0 | 2 | 1341 |
| 70 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 27.88 | 5.1 | -1 | 1283 |
| 71 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 45 | 100 | 25,84 | 4.9 | -0 | 1163 |
| 72 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100 | 26.23 | 5.0 | -3 | 1206 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3302 | 8 | | 3294 | 100 | 26.67 | 4.9 | -1 | 88060 |

NO QUALIFYING DATA TO PRINT

0 Cows identified more than once

0 Unknown responders





Metatron Meter Report



At the end of the milking session, the Metatron yield analysis gives an overview of the key figures for the milking session.

An identification statistic (A) gives an idea of the quality of automatic identification. Milk quantities without identification are not included in this because the causes are too numerous.

In this example, the percentage deviation (B) of the amount milk obtained from the amount of milk expected shows a negative trend in the herd.

If individual Metatron units show two-figure deviations over several days, this points to a fault.

| Hilking date and time Humber No Cover Cover Auto Milk Time Teta 1 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 2 18 1 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 2 18 2 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 2 18 2 14 0 0 144 100 13.05 5.4 2 18 3 14 1 0 13.05 18.8 2 18 4 27 6 0 14 100 13.08 6.7 -1 19 4 37 6 13 100 13.08 5.9 -2 17 6 13 0 13 100 13.88 7.2 1 18 8 13 0 13 |
|--|
| 4-04-05 3:39 7:27 Humber No Covet Auto Auto Milk Time No Teta 1 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 -2 13 2 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 -2 13 3 14 1 0 13 100 13.05 5.4 -2 13 4 3.7 0 0 14 100 13.08 6.7 -1 15 5 13 1 0 12 100 13.08 5.9 -2 17 6 13 0 12 100 13.08 6.7 1 19 5 13 1 0 12 100 13.08 5.9 -2 17 6 13 0 13 100 12.08 6.7 -2 16 |
| Humber No Cowet Cowet Auto Milk Time Teta 1 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 2 18 1 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 -2 18 2 14 0 0 14 100 13.05 5.4 -2 18 3 14 1 0 13.06 13.08 6.7 -1 19 4 19 0 12 100 13.08 5.9 -2 17 5 13 1 0 12 100 13.08 5.9 -2 17 6 13 0 0 13 100 12.88 6.7 -2 16 8 13 0 0 13 100 12.88 6.0 -4 16 10 13 100 13.3 100 |
| Image: Second state |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| 8 13 0 0 13 100 12.68 6.7 -2 16 9 13 1 0 12 160 12.38 6.0 -4 16 10 13 0 0 13 100 13.35 6.5 -1 17 11 13 0 0 13 100 15.73 6.1 8 20 12 13 0 0 13 100 12.48 6.5 1 16 13 13 0 13 100 13.28 6.5 1 16 |
| 9 13 1 0 12 160 12.38 6.0 -4 16 10 13 0 0 13 100 13.35 6.5 -1 17 11 13 0 0 13 100 15.73 6.1 8 20 12 13 0 0 13 100 12.48 6.5 1 16 13 13 0 0 13 100 13.28 6.5 -0 17 |
| 10 13 0 0 13 100 13.35 6.5 -1 17 11 13 0 0 13 100 15.73 6.5 8 20 12 13 0 0 13 100 12.48 6.5 1 16 13 13 0 0 13 100 12.48 6.5 1 16 |
| 11 13 0 0 13 100 15.73 6.1 8 20 12 13 0 0 13 100 12.48 6.5 1 16 13 13 0 0 13 100 13.28 6.5 -0 17 |
| 12 13 0 0 13 100 12.48 6.5 1 16 13 13 0 0 13 100 13.28 6.5 0 17 |
| 13 13 0 0 13 100 13.28 6.5 -0 13 |
| and the second sec |
| 14 13 0 0 13 100 12.58 5.8 -3 16 |
| 15 13 0 0 13 100 13.43 6.3 0 17 |
| 16 13 0 0 13 100 14 92 7.0 2 19 |
| 17 13 0 0 13 100 12.25 6.1 1 15 |
| 18 13 1 0 12 100 13.29 6.1 0 17 |
| 19 13 0 0 13 100 11.66 5.7 -4 15 |
| 20 13 0 0 13 100 13.92 6.9 0 13 |
| 21 13 0 0 13 100 13.05 6.4 -0 17 |
| 22 14 0 0 14 100 12.39 6.6 -4 17 |
| 290 5 A 285 160 13.33 6 3 B 388 |

The results of previous milking sessions can also be displayed by shifting the visible section of the window.

milkrite InterPuls

MMV Meter

- Certified Controller Combinations
 - iMilk 600+
 - ACR Smart
- Low-Line Installation is ICARcertified
- High-Line will be tested in 2018
- Software designed with multiple algorithms to compensate for vented inflations















- Uncertified Sensor from SCR
 - FFS 30 Sensor
 - ED 200 Display
 - MC 200 Controller
- FFS 30 is same as DeLaval FI 5
- SCR has not tested or applied for ICAR testing/certified
- Cannot be used for DHI programs



Green 15 gram Nozzles for WB meters

- Manufacturing defect that caused air bubble during calibration
- Meters read between 28-32 pounds (should be 36 pounds)
- New meters, new bodies and replacement nozzles involved
- Tru-Test replaced all nozzles for free






- Lactocorder is manufactured by WMB from Switzerland
- ICAR-certified for cattle, goats and sheep
- New marketing agreement between Tru-Test and WMB
- Lactocorder is not field ready yet

 device is certified however total
 system needs refinement
- Meter works on the expected milk yield principle – need to have ID and previous milk in the system



Waikato Electronic Milk Meter



- Waikato applied for ICAR test late in 2017
- Includes EMM, new sampler and software
- Will be conducted in three parts
 - Lab France
 - Farm #1 Michigan
 - Farm #2 Ireland
- Cannot use this meter for DHI programs currently



Frontline Challenges and Opportunities



Field Service Advisory Committee March 6, 2018

> Jay Mattison CEO, National DHIA Quality Certification Services Inc.



Topics for Discussion and Information

Access and Use of data
ID –sample and animal
CDCB Capitalization payback
Tax changes coming





CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES ACCESS AND USE

Simple Efficient

data flow that follows dairy producers intent and in best interests



CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

Roles as: *Providers Processors Users Research*



CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

- History
- Definition of terms
- Application of Policy
- Membership or Service Agreements
- Data input and output
- Data access and use



CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

At the end of the day:

- A solid understanding of policy and addressing application
- Implementation at:
 - DRPs standard language and education
 - DRPCs logic table implemented
 - CDCB logic table and application for data access



Terms and Definitions

•Terms

Privacy = (publication)
Release = (disclosure)





CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

At the end of the day:

- A solid understanding of policy and addressing application
- Implementation at:
 - •DRPs standard language
 - •DRPs education & outreach
 - DRPCs and CDCB handling codes



ID a focus area

Identification of:

Animal

Sample

ID is foundation of management



ID is moving



UNITED STATES ANIMAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION 2017 RESOLUTION 121st Annual Meeting October 12-18, 2017 San Diego, California

RESOLUTION NUMBER: 8 APPROVED

SOURCE:

COMMITTEE ON INTERSTATE AND INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE

SUBJECT MATTER: Identification and Documentation of Cattle in Commerce

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

On March 11, 2013, the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Animal Disease Traceability (ADT) rule became effective. Under the final rule, unless specifically exempted, livestock moving interstate must be officially identified and accompanied by an interstate certificate of veterinary inspection. Owner-shipper statements or brand certificates may be used in certain circumstances when shipping and receiving states agree to alternative movement documentation. Beef breed stocker/feeder cattle less than 18 months of age are exempted from the ADT rule regarding official identification unless they are destined to an exhibition, show, rodeo, or



ID is moving

USAHA 2017 Resolution 8 / page 2

Services (VS) and State Departments of Agriculture, Animal Health Commissions, and Boards of Animal Health to set a mandatory date of January 1, 2021 to discontinue allowing visual only tags (including NUES tags) to be applied as official identification (ID) and a date of January 1, 2023 for all cattle and bison which are currently required to be officially identified under the rule to have electronic official ID tags which meet the standards defined by the USDA.

USDA shall be responsible for determining the specifications of the electronic official ID tags and reading equipment on or before July 1, 2019 after consultation with technology companies, industry, and other countries that have successfully implemented electronic ID programs. Official electronic ID tags must be read at the speed of commerce. Cattle and bison shall be identified prior to or when they leave their premises of birth or at the first point of commingling. Traceability to the premises of birth shall be maintained. Federal and State cost sharing shall be considered.

Federal/State Agencies, Industry, and Technology Companies shall ensure cost sharing for this project.



Topics for Discussion and Information

Access and Use of data
ID -sample and animal
CDCB Capitalization payback
Tax changes coming





Topics for Discussion and Information

Access and Use of data
ID -sample and animal
CDCB Capitalization payback
Tax changes coming

•Other



Financial and Tax Reporting

FASB ASU 2016-14 released August 18 2016

- Will change some of the classifications of assets
- Reporting changes will be implemented

990 Tax reporting and forms changes

- More detail and items to be checked
- Longer forms

Consultant with your Accounting and Tax providers







nnovation and Added-value eeping il ecording elevant

Daniel Lefebvre, Ph.D. agr.

General Manager - Valacta







valacta

CENTRE D'EXPERTISE EN PRODUCTION LAITIÈRE



Proportion of Cows on Milk Recording



What can we measure today?



MUN – >20 Years Experience





Denis-Robichaud et al., 2014

Blood vs Milk : Test Characteristics





Denis-Robichaud et al., 2014

Ketosis prevalence (POS + SUSP) according to parity

valacta





| Impacts on Test Day Milk Yield and Components. | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|-------|--|--|--|
| | POS | SUSP | NEG | SE | Р | | | |
| Milk yield (kg/d) | 30.1ª | 32.3 ^b | 32.5 ^b | 0.2 | 0.001 | | | |
| Fat (%) | 5.07 ^c | 4.62 ^b | 4.10 ^a | 0.02 | 0.001 | | | |
| Protein(%) | 3.19 ^b | 3.17ª | 3.25 ^c | 0.01 | 0.001 | | | |
| SCC (1000 cells) | 360 ^c | 318 ^b | 232ª | 23 | 0.001 | | | |
| Urea (mg N/dL) | 9.2 ^a | 10.0 ^b | 10.5 ^c | 0.1 | 0.001 | | | |
| Protein:Fat ratio | 0.65ª | 0.71 ^b | 0.82 ^c | 0.01 | 0.001 | | | |
| Transition Cow Index ¹ | -68ª | 202 ^b | 189 ^b | 40 | 0.001 | | | |

¹ Multiparous cows only

Days Open





Effect on Reproduction

Pregnancy rate according to BHB status



Impact on survival



| | POS | SUSP | NEG | SE | Р |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|-----|-------|
| Culling rate (before 100 DIM) | 28.8 ^b | 26.1 ^b | 14.2ª | 1.8 | 0.001 |
| Culling rate (lactation) | 42.8 ^b | 39.2 ^b | 30.3ª | 1.9 | 0.001 |



Culling before next lactation



MIR Spectra of Milk



From Fat to Fatty Acids



Saturated or Unsaturated?



Figure I Structure of different fatty acids

Source: US Department of Agriculture.

>400 Fatty Acids in Cows' Milk!

Fatty Acids:

- Short Chain (C4 to C10)
- Meduium Chain (C12 to C14)
- Long Chain (C16 to C18)
- Branched chain (iso & anteiso)

• cis-9, trans-11 C18:1 (ALC)

- Odd Chain
- Omega 6
- Omega 3

• trans-11 C18:1

Saturated 2%_3% Monoinsaturated Polyinsaturated 25% Trans 70% Biohydrogénation Masson, 2008



Origin of Milk Fatty Acids



Milk Fatty Acids – Who cares?

• The Cow

• Nutrition and management diagnostic tool

• The Farmer

- Healthy cows
- Maximise revenue

• The Processor

• Technological properties

• The Consumer

- Healthier fats?
- Labels certification

• The Environment

Methane Emissions



Fatty Acids by Origin





Milk Fatty Acids as a Monitoring Tool

Plasma Non-estified Fatty Acids (NEFA)



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Doréa et al. 2017
Predicting Rumen pH





 $pH = 3,8 + (0,061 \times 18:0) + (0,18 \times PUFA) + (0,03 \times SFA) - (0,07 \times 18:1 trans)$



Rico et al. 2016

Predicting Methane Emissions







GESTALAB A different interpretation grid for each stage of pregnancy

Objectives

Interpretation = open Negative Predictive Value > 99 % Interpretation = pregnant Positive Predictive Value \ge 97 %



Early pregnancy test 28 - 45 days since last breeding

Preventive Veterinary Medicine 140 (2017) 122-133

Bayesian estimation of sensitivity and specificity of a milk pregnancy-associated glycoprotein-based ELISA and of transrectal ultrasonographic exam for diagnosis of pregnancy at 28–45 days following breeding in dairy cows

Simon Dufour^{a,*}, Jean Durocher^b, Jocelyn Dubuc^c, Nandini Dendukuri^d, Shereen Hassan^b, Sébastien Buczinski^c

^a Département de pathologie et microbiologie, Faculté de médecine vétérinaire, Université de Montréal, C. P. 5000, Saint-Hyacinthe, QC, J2S 7C6, Canada

^b Valacta, 555 boul. des Anciens-Combattants, Sainte-Anne-de Bellevue, QC, H9X 3R4, Canada

^c Département de sciences cliniques, Faculté de médecine vétérinaire, Université de Montréal, C.P. 5000, Saint-Hyacinthe, QC, J2S 7C6, Canada

^d Technology Assessment Unit, Royal Victoria Hospital, 687 Pine Avenue W, QC, H3A 1A1, Canada

" In conclusion, both TUS and PAG showed **excellent and very similar accuracy** for pregnancy diagnosis in dairy cows"

" a single threshold of 0.25 could be used for test interpretation, instead of the two thresholds currently recommended by the manufacturer"

Early pregnancy test 28 - 37 days since last breeding



Early pregnancy test 38 - 45 days since last breeding



Early pregnancy test 28 - 37 days since last breeding

| DSLB | PAG | Interpretation |
|---------|-------------------|----------------|
| 28 - 37 | < 0.15 | NPV = 99.5 % |
| 28 - 37 | ≥ 0.15 and < 0.25 | NPV = 96.8 % * |
| 28 - 37 | ≥ 0.25 and < 0.35 | NPV = 84.5 % * |

* 50% of the pregnant cows (false negative test) conceived from a pervious breeding (between 46 and 90 days after breeding)

Early pregnancy test 28 - 37 days since last breeding

| DSLB | PAG | Interpretation |
|---------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| 28 - 37 | < 0.15 | Open |
| 28 - 37 | ≥ 0.15 and < 0.25 | Probably open (95%) |
| 28 - 37 | ≥ 0.25 and < 0.35 | Risk of embryonic death (80%) |
| 28 - 37 | ≥ 0.35 and < 0.50 | Inconclusive |
| 28 - 37 | ≥ 0.50 | Pregnant |

Characterization of milk composition and somatic cell count estimates from automatic milking systems sensors

Liliana Fadul-Pacheco, Mario Séguin, René Lacroix, Michel Grisé, Daniel Lefebvre February 2018





Results - Components





Mean absolute difference: 0.50%

Mean absolute difference : 0.23%

Results by DIM Categories

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cta

Categories of DIM:

DIM 1 : DIM <=100 DIM 2 : DIM between 101 and 200 DIM 3: >201 DIM





By herd

Differences among herds were larger for fat than for protein percentage (MAE = 0.47 to 0.28%)

valacta



Results

valacta

CCC between milk fat percentages from the AMS sensors and the laboratory analysis of the 10 farms



Results - SCC





Geometric mean of lab SCC results (000/ml)

Results - SCC

CCC (average 10 farms)







Differences between the SCC (x1000) were -66 ± 364 (MAE = 101)



Data → Information Source of Added Value for Milk Recording



- Enhance perceived value of traditionnal data
- Broaden data source
- Agregate multiple sources
- Facilitate access



Herd Management Score



- National/Regional
- Robots/Free stall/Tie-stall
- Organic

Potential Gains:

Making DHI Data Make Economic Sen\$e





| roupeau: | | Para | mètres: | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Nom: N | uméro: | Date | e d'analyse: | Date du test: | Base d'anal | yse: | | | |
| Jean Untel 99 | 9999 2013-09-27 | | 3-09-27 | 2013-08-02 | Nombre de vaches constant | | | | |
| | | | | | 🖋 Modifie | r les objectifs |] | | |
| Résultats 12 mois | Trou | peau | Référence | Écart | Objectif précédent | Objectif | 1. Production de lait à 305 jours (kg) | | |
| | - | | | | | | a the second | | |
| Production de lait à 305 jours (kg) | 100 | 072 | 10807 | 735 | | 10500 | | | |
| Marge par kg lait additionnel (\$/kg) | | | | 0.41 | | 0.41 | | | |
| Écart par vache (\$/v/an) | | | | 301 | | 175 | | | |
| Nombre de vaches (v) | | | | 58.2 | | 58.2 | | | |
| Écart pour le troupeau (\$/an) | | | | 17,518 \$ | | 10,185 \$ | 2. Teneur en gras à 305 jours (%) | | |
| Teneur en gras à 305 jours (%) | 3.7 | 78 | 4.10 | 0.32 | | 4.10 | 1 | | |
| Production kg gras additionnels (kg/v/ar |) | | - | 32.0 | | 32.0 | | | |
| Marge par kg gras additionnel (\$/kg) | | | | 2.67 | | 2.67 | a | | |
| Écart par vache (\$/v/an) | | | | 85 \$ | | 85 \$ | | | |
| Nombre de vaches (v) | | | | 58.2 | | 58.2 | | | |
| Écart pour le troupeau (\$/an) | | | | 4,947 \$ | | 4,947 \$ | 3. Teneur en protéine à 305 jours (%) | | |
| Teneur en protéine à 305 jours (%) | 3.3 | 30 | 3.34 | 0.04 | | 3.34 | 2.50 | | |
| Production kg prot. additionnels (kg/v/ar | 1) | | | 4.0 | | 4.0 | 19 19 | | |
| Marge par kg protéine additionnel (\$/kg) | | | | 3.58 | | 3.58 | | | |
| Écart par vache (\$/v/an) | | | | 14 5 | | 14 5 | | | |
| Nombre de vaches (v) | | | | 58.2 | | 58.2 | | | |
| Écart pour le troupeau (\$/an) | | | | 815 \$ | | 815 \$ | Objectif fixé pour le troupe | | |
| Gain potentiel global (\$/an) | | | | 23,280 \$ | 15,947 \$ | | Valeur pour le troupeau au moment de fixer l'objectif | | |

DHI Animal Welfare Indicators?

| Troupeau | I XXXX | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----|
| Stabulation | n Entravée | | | | | |
| Type de traite | e Lactoduc | | | | | |
| Indice confort continue | e 86e rang cent | ile | | | | |
| | 2016 | | | | | |
| Indicateurs potentiels | Mon troupeau | Mon troupeau | Rang centile (Entravé) | Médiane (Entravé) | Haut 25% (Entravé) | |
| Longévité et réforme | | | | | | |
| % longévité (% vaches lactation 3+) | xxx | 51.2 | 86% | 41.8 | 47.6 | 86% |
| % vaches réformées (réforme involontaire) | xxx | 10.7 | 95% | 27.9 | 12.1 | 95% |
| % vaches mortes | xxx | 3.1 | 54% | 3.5 | 1.4 | 54% |
| Alimentation et production | | | | | | |
| % vaches avec urée basse (< 5 mg/dl lait) | xxx | 0.0 | passé | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Indice de régie (lait standardisé) | xxx | (954) | 30% | (328) | 394 | 30% |
| Indice de transition | xxx | -22 | 27% | 232 | 496 | 27% |
| Profitàvie (rangs) | xxx | 50.0 | 50% | 51.0 | 75.0 | 50% |
| Génisses et taures | | | | | | |
| % veaux morts | xxx | 4.0 | 76% | 7.5 | 4.0 | 76% |
| Age au premier vêlage (mois) | xxx | 26.3 | 32% | 25.5 | 24.7 | 32% |
| Santé et reproduction | · | · | · | | | |
| % avortements | xxx | 0.0 | passé | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| % vaches avec BHB élevé (> 0.20 mmol/L lait) | xxx | 0.0 | passé | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| % vaches avec CCS élevé (> 400.000/ml lait) | xxx | 8.5 | 74% | 12.5 | 8.2 | 74% |
| % vaches avec ratio protéine-gras élevée (>11) | XXX | 00 | 81% | 2.2 | 0.0 | 81% |





| FERME ROLAIT INC. 3838 | Ad Contract of the second s | COW LIST | ∎II AT&T _{iPad} ç | ₩ AT&T 🗢 14:54 | 7 69% 💻 |
|---------------------------|---|---------------|---|-------------------|--|
| 1ilk Recording | | | < CONOM | | |
| | | Q Search | UDDER HEALT | TH PROFIT | |
| | MILK kg | | 1/2 | ~~~ | |
| | 344 | 6973A WIDIA | <u> </u> | 1 2035 CHLOE | |
| 52 | 51.1 | Milk ka | Costs for SCC | 0 | |
| TUP | (| F/P % | Clinical mastitis | | |
| 00 | 305 Milk Value | Dry Date | | Addanate | _) |
| | \$7 773 | Times Bred | Lactation + Costs for culling | Add a note | T |
| Hand | \$1,215 | | Lactation | | |
| Hera | 0 | 9962 LEGO | Last calv | Front Left test | |
| | FAT / PROT kg | Milk kg | | fiont tert teat. | |
| | 1 34 | F/P % | | | |
| | 1.54 | Dry Date | Depre st: | | |
| ab Results | 1.12 | Times Bred | POTENTIAL S | ELECTIVE I | |
| | - | 8806 2004 | Last brec | | |
| _ | 305 MILK kg | 8808 ZORA | 17 | | . 4.5 |
| | 10(77 | Milk kg | Bred sire | | |
| | 10022 | F/P % | Dry 60 d | | |
| | > | Dry Date | biy oo u | | |
| G | SCC - PAPITY | Times Bred | Due date | | |
| | Sec-PARITI | 8454 MONALISA | There is a second | Rear left teat: | |
| | 76 Latt 1 | | Times br | | |
| Costalah | 48 | Milk kg | | | |
| UEStataD | 110 Latt 2 | Dry Date | | | And the second |
| | 419 Latt 3* | Times Bred | Test milk | | 22 11 C |
| | | 1001 2011 | E /D 0/ | | |
| | SCC GROUP DISTRIBUTION | 8385 MOMIE | F/P % | | |
| dder Health | 40 | Milk ka | BCAs | | |
| | 49 0-200 | F/P % | | 0 0 0 | |
| | 4 200-500 | Dry Date | Current S | | |
| | 4 500+ | Times Bred | Tortr > 2 | Front right teat: | |
| | | | lests > 2 | | |
| | Care trans | 8378 CACHOU | | | |
| | BCAs - M/F/P | Milk kg | | | |
| | 235 | F/P % | | | a de la compañía de la |
| Udder Healt | 246 | Dry Date | | | State State |
| Sunci ficuli | 240 | Times Bred | | | |
| Analysis | 242 | 9377 VIDIA | | | |
| / mary 515 | | 03// VIDIA | 100 | | |
| | PROT - kg (%) | Milk kg | Q | CANCEL | SAVE |
| | | F/P % | | CANCEL | SAVE |

PRODUCTION et ALIMENTATION

Robot de Traite

NOM

NUMÉRO du TROUPEAU PAGE DATE du TEST

1 de 1



| | | | | SERV | CE |
|--|----------------------|---------|------------------|------------|--|
| Données du troupeau | Jour du test | 12 mois | Moy. prov. robot | Moy. prov. | Gras/robot/jour (kg) |
| Nombre de vaches | 64 | 59.7 | 96.9 | 59.5 | 68.0 |
| Vaches en lactation | 59 | 53 | 83.8 | 51.7 | 66.0 |
| Lait réel (kg) | 30.3 | 10644 | 10272 | 9716 | |
| Gras (%) | 3.40 | 3.70 | 3.94 | 4.02 | |
| Protéine (%) | 3.33 | 3.37 | 3.29 | 3.30 | 1 58.0 → |
| Pic de lait (kg) | 39.7 | 43.5 | 42.2 | 39.8 | T 56.0 - |
| Nombre JEL au pic | 43 | 46 | 49 | 1.000 | 54.0 |
| Vaches sorties du troupeau (%) | .0 | 21.8 | 32.9 | 32.3 | - Nov Nov 17 Fev Mar Mar Mai Jun Jul Aou Sep V |
| √aches sorties - pieds (% du troupeau) | | 1.7 | 3.1 | | |
| Vaches sorties - CCS (% du troupeau) | | 3.4 | 3.8 | | Nambro traitecturado 🖛 Nambro de sefar |
| DONNÉES ROBOTS (7 jou | Urs) Résultats | 12 mois | Moy, prov. robot | | 4 |
| Lait produit/robot (kg) | 1658 | 1638 | | | |
| Gras/robot (kg) | 60.7 | 61 | 1 N | | |
| Lait/vache/jour (kg) | 29.6 | 31.7 | | | |
| Nombre de vaches/robot | 56.0 | 51.7 | | | 2 |
| Nombre de traites/robot | 151 | 160 | | | |
| Nombre de traites/vache | 2.7 | 3.1 | | | |
| Lait Moyen/traite (kg) | 11 | 10.3 | | | |
| Nombre de refus/vache | 1.1 | 2.1 | · · · · · · | | Nov Nov 17 Fév Mar Mar Mai Jun Jul Aoû Sep O |
| Nombre d'échecs/robot | 4.3 | 4.7 | | | Marga/bl.IDT |
| Temps libre/robot (%) | 26.4 | 24.5 | a | | 78 - Valeur du lant 301 (4/hi) |
| | S Jour du test | 12 mois | Moy. prov. robot | Moy. prov. | |
| Valeur du lait/vache (\$) | 17.11 | 7275 | 6903 | 6949 | |
| Marge sur coût d'alimentation/vache (\$) | | | 4653 | 4639.6 | |
| √aleur du lait (\$/hl) | 67.71 | 70.46 | 71.3 | 73.87 | |
| Concentrés (\$/hl) | | 11 | 12.76 | 12.67 | |
| Coût aliments (\$/hl) | | 1.1 | 24.77 | 24.63 | |
| Marge sur coût d'alimentation (\$/hl) | | | 49.19 | 49.76 | Nov Nov 17 Fév Mar Mar Mai Jun Jul Aoû Sep |
| Valeur du lait/robot (\$) | 1089.93 ¹ | 1120.00 | | | |

| Date : | | 17 octobr | e 2017 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Nom de l | a terme : | Ferme Un | iter | | Vale | ur du lait / | min de | temps | de box | | | | vala | cla |
| N ^s d'animal | Nº. lac. | Jours en lait | Vitesse de traite (7 Jours) | Produc. lait / Min. dans box (7 jours) | Valeur du lait/min de box (\$) (7 jours) | Valeur relative de valeur du lait / min de box | temps de box / traite (7 jours) | Temps de box par jour (7jours) 21.85 | Moy. produc. par traite (7jours) | Traites moyennes (7 jours) | prod journ 7 jours 37 15 | Test de gras (kg/hl) 3.93 | Test de prot (kg/hl) | LAS (kg/hl) |
| | | | | | | | 2101 | | | | | | | |
| NoAn * | NoL: T | JEL 💌 | VitTra * | ProdMint * | LaitMinBc+1 | LaitMinBoxR * | Гетрво 💌 | Гетрвок 🔻 | ProdTra 🛫 | TraitMo | ProdJour * | TestGra T | TestPri T | TestLA 7 |
| 159 | 1 | 39 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.55 \$ | 42% | 15.8 | 36.3 | 14.2 | 2.3 | 32.7 | 2.76 | 3.28 | 5.61 |
| 119 | 1 | 40 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.72 \$ | 56% | 14.1 | 29.6 | 15.5 | 2.1 | 32.6 | 3.12 | 3.37 | 5.76 |
| 52 | 1 | 84 | 1.3 | 1 | 0.74 \$ | 58% | 11.9 | 27.4 | 11.9 | 2,3 | 27.4 | 4.16 | 3,15 | 5.87 |
| 34 | 1 | 63 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 0.76 \$ | 58% | 11.8 | 23.6 | 13.0 | 2.0 | 26.0 | 3.49 | 3.32 | 5.71 |
| 7 | 4 | 105 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.76 \$ | 59% | 25.6 | 58.8 | 17.9 | 2.3 | 41.2 | 7.04 | 3.89 | 5.50 |
| 51 | 1 | 75 | 2,2 | 1 | 0.79 \$ | 61% | 15.1 | 36.2 | 15.1 | 2.4 | 36.2 | 4.47 | 3,60 | 4.39 |
| 35 | 3 | 57 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.79 \$ | 61% | 11.7 | 23.3 | 14.0 | 2.0 | 28.0 | 2.97 | 3.62 | 5.74 |
| 115 | 1 | 44 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.82 \$ | 63% | 10.0 | 20.0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 24.0 | 3.30 | 3,50 | 5.72 |
| 136 | 3 | 160 | 1,4 | 1.1 | 0.83 \$ | 64% | 15.6 | 31.3 | 17.2 | 2.0 | 34.4 | 4.07 | 3,44 | 5.78 |
| 129 | 2 | 298 | 2.1 | 1 | 0.90 \$ | 69% | 10.1 | 20.2 | 10.1 | 2.0 | 20.2 | 5.29 | 3.74 | 5.58 |
| 60 | 2 | 41 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 0.92 \$ | 71% | 9.2 | 36.8 | 14.7 | 4.0 | 58.8 | 2.70 | 2.87 | 5.67 |
| 89 | 2 | 286 | 3 | 1.4 | 0.97 \$ | 75% | 8.4 | 15.9 | 11.7 | 1.9 | 22.2 | 3.85 | 2.93 | 5.53 |
| 31 | 1 | 39 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 0.97 \$ | 75% | 8.7 | 25.1 | 13.0 | 2.9 | 37.7 | 3.28 | 3.07 | 5.85 |
| 61 | 3 | 277 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.98 \$ | 76% | 15.5 | 29.5 | 18.6 | 1.9 | 35.3 | 4.76 | 3.35 | 5.48 |
| 50 | 1 | 130 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 0.98 \$ | 76% | 7.7 | 22.3 | 12.3 | 2.9 | 35.7 | 3.17 | 2.75 | 5.75 |
| 72 | 2 | 8 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.01 \$ | 78% | 7.8 | 18.7 | 10.9 | 2.4 | 26.2 | 3.88 | 3.26 | 5.74 |
| 27 | 1 | 53 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.01 \$ | 78% | 8.7 | 21.0 | 13.1 | 2.4 | 31.4 | 3.49 | 3.15 | 5.80 |
| 81 | 4 | 87 | 1,6 | 1.3 | 1.01 \$ | 78% | 17.2 | 44.6 | 22.3 | 2.6 | 58.0 | 4.46 | 3.24 | 5.72 |
| 127 | 7 | 212 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.03 \$ | 80% | 21.4 | 21.4 | 23.5 | 1.0 | 23.5 | 5.79 | 3.58 | 5.69 |
| 19 | 1 | 83 | 2 | 1.4 | 1.04 \$ | 80% | 10.9 | 15.2 | 15.2 | 1.4 | 21,3 | 4.07 | 3.23 | 5.81 |
| 29 | 1 | 261 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.05 \$ | 81% | 9.9 | 19.9 | 13.9 | 2.0 | 27.8 | 3.82 | 3.71 | 5.82 |



DHI-An Evolving Business

- Added Value milk tests
 - Simple and Convenient
 - Cost-effective
 - Link to other data
 - One step ahead of on farm sensors
 - Key to maintain participation
- Data
 - Integration from multiples sources
- Advice/Outreach
 - Highlight the value: interpretation, diagnostic, solutions
- Collaboration





Daniel Lefebvre <u>dlefebvre@valacta.com</u> @DanielMLefebvre







THE GLOBAL STANDARD FOR LIVESTOCK DATA

Network. Guidelines. Certification.

Setting the Scene

Silvia Orlandini

Milk Analyses Certification ICAR <u>silvia@icar.org</u>

Servicing laboratories and Quality Assurance tolls



STANDARD 7 - 11 February 2018 KK DATA Aotea Centre Auckland, New Zealand



Network. Guidelines. Certification.



ICAR Tools for the Milk Analyses

To promote and to maintain in the ICAR dairy laboratories the **highest** possible standard of **accuracy** and **precision** to built confidence in the comparability of measurements

ICAR Proficiency Test (PT)

ICAR Milk Analyzers Certification



Content

Content Laboratory benefit to participate in...

Independent assessment of High quality homogeneous - stable assigned value and reliability of the - samples data received To give indication to the participant ISO 17043 lab on its performance ICAR PT provides schemes designed to Comprehensive INDIVIDUAL report for a positive feed back in the participant facilitate the improvement of the laboratory quality of milk DHI analyses With the PTs, ICAR collects information on the QA procedures operating in the DHI Individual control charts over time labs and consider in the evaluation of ICAR **PT** populations



Laboratory benefit to manage own PT



Content





2

Content ICAR benefits to manage own PT

To create a professional collaboration with the ICAR PT participants

To calculate the precision among the ICAR laboratories for reference and routine methods

ICAR PT

To evaluate if the ICAR PT precision is fit for the the ICAR purposes and if is comparable with the precision specified in the ISO standard To highlight the laboratories that participate in the ICAR PT to be consistent with the ICAR Certificate of Quality

ICAR THE GLOBAL STANDARD

2


ICAR benefit to manage own PT

Scheme O



ICAR THE GLOBAL STANDARD

Content

Content ICAR benefits to manage





Worldmap – ICAR PT laboratories 2017

COUNTRIES WITH AT LEAST ONE ORGANISATION PARTICIPATING TO THE ICAR PROFICIENCY TEST

50 Laboratories 29 Countries



Participants March 2016-Sept. 2017

Number of Continents-Countries-Labs



Content ICAR PT Goals 2018

To increase communication with the part.labs back and forth

To increase the number of participants countries

e.g Technical questionnaires Delivery information To obtain from each ICAR countries the performance for the 5 parameters (Fat-Protein-Lactose-Urea-Somatic Cell Counting) + New Parameters With reference and/or routine

method

To improve the ICAR Labs equivalence !



THE GLOBAL STANDARD FOR LIVESTOCK DATA

7-2-2018

MILK ANALYZERS CERTIFICATION

Grandfather Exception Certification

1 application in 2017 and certification released

New Model Instrument Certification

ICAR LABs

Objective evidences of the instrument performance

Indications on the best use for ICAR purposes

According ICAR protocol and ISO 8196-3 IDF 128-3



Content



Conclusions

ICAR is offering this initial Quality Assurance tools in milk analyses to create technical connections valuable exchange of practical aspects regarding the protocols application



The network is useful to collect also the future needs of DHI milk laboratories For the coming analytical challenges !

... new activities and service will come





THE GLOBAL STANDARD FOR LIVESTOCK DATA

Network. Guidelines. Certification.

Thank you

Via Savoia 78, esc.A, int.3, piano 1 I–00198 Rome. Italy